

# Tyler County Booster

A First Class Publication Entered as Second Class Matter

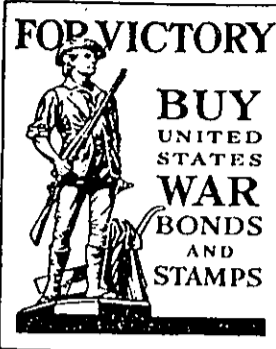
A Weekly Newspaper Boosting Tyler County and Woodville

Printed in Woodville, Texas

VOLUME XXIV

WOODVILLE, TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1942

Number 4



## I THINK 'MOBBIES'

Planes in the sky are the reason why.

Again this week The Booster is a 12-page paper.

Among other things we can do to help the war effort is to buy United States War Bonds and Stamps.

Have you ever seen the "Hot" fund money? It's money deposited in banks, loans and investment firms.

Some fellows think he has it on all corners of the world and suggest you maintain a staff that rhyme with "moobies."

It is not generally known but the call letters of commercial radio in the U. S. begin with W or K. W. stands for the West and K. stands for the East of the river.

In the state of Missouri in color the state is divided into four regions: Northwest, West, South and East.

Will you please call me at the show desk on the 1st floor in the back hall, 1st what you are looking for. I will be glad to help you. Some other people down on the 1st floor.

On the 1st floor of the 11th floor of the P. O. Bldg. in Dallas, Texas, were held the 29th annual meetings of the Future Farmers of America. This is the second year that the honor of holding the state office has come to Tyler County.

The purpose of the convention is to hold a state office. The purpose is to hold a state office. The purpose is to hold a state office.

Every day we are surrounded by warping, twisting, and bending wires. We are surrounded by warping, twisting, and bending wires.

At the meeting of the P. O. Bldg. in Dallas, Texas, were held the 29th annual meetings of the Future Farmers of America.

And a change of all of them. I am not sure about the idea. I am not sure about the idea.

## Extend Rubber Drive Stores Closed July 4th

With more than four car loads of rubber ready for shipment on July 1, Tyler county committee prepared to dig in again for another week.

**HE WHO LAUGHS LAST—**

J. H. Kenesson reported a grand total for the county of 100,221 of rubber today and J. E. Gardner a total for the city of 58,165 pounds—making a grand total of 158,376 pounds or about 6 car loads—and some thought estimates of 150,000 pounds high. We doff our hats to county and city coordinators, members of their committee, the Scouts, and FFA boys especially the oil company men, every one of them, who worked long hours and hard hours without pay or praise to put this most successful drive over.

Other 10 days following a proclamation asking for a continuance by President Roosevelt.

J. Wood Park, D. P. Rock and J. E. Gardner each reported a full 30,000 car of rubber and more P. H. Maxwell has practically a car load and other oil agents were not ready with a complete report but indications are that they will be "up to par" when the grand totals are reached.

The drive now officially closes Friday night, July 10.

## Stores Closed July 4th

This Saturday, Independence Day, all stores of Woodville will remain closed all day.

Shoppers are requested by store managers to do their shopping on the day previous as most of these managers are planning to be out of town and will be unable to open their store to accommodate "those who forgot".

Because of the fact that Woodville celebrated Flag Day and has held several patriotic meetings in recent weeks, no attempt will be made to celebrate Independence Day but celebrations are scheduled in other towns in the section.

**COURT HOUSE ALSO CLOSING SATURDAY, JULY 4**

The court house offices will not be open Saturday, observing the 4th anniversary since the 4th came on Saturday but it gives workers a chance to enjoy a week end vacation. Here's hoping it will be spent in a safe and sane way.

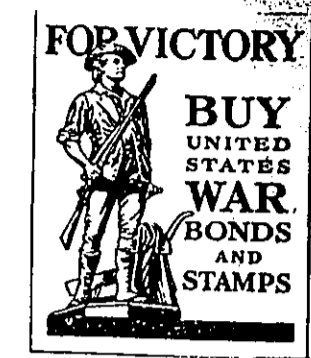
## Colmesneil Oil Try Is Now Under Way

Following several delays, caused mostly by excessive rainfall, the Colmesneil oil well was finally completed in the first of the week and workmen are now busy daily in the wildcat test that will be drilled to the 7500 foot depth.

The well, located four miles northwest of Colmesneil is known as the J. M. Sturrock No. 1 in the S. L. Graham survey, R. E. Fair, Inc. and others are drilling the well.

The Warren wildcat on the Goodshee tract is nearing its extreme depth which will be 10,000 feet. Local interests are pessimistic as to the outcome of this try for oil while others are optimistic in expecting production in paying quantities from the 7200 foot depth where oil sand was encountered. However, Humble Oil and Refining company are not disclosing information except that drilling is continuing through shale.

A new potential of 181 barrels of oil daily was established at Freed recently in Stanolind's Parker No. 2. The oil tested 39.7 cubic feet gravity oil and 8 per cent gas. The test was made on a quarter-inch choke with 330 pounds on the tubing and 1130 on the casing. Casing was perforated at the same place, 8220 feet, after the well had been cased.



## MEETING POSTPONED TO JULY 8TH

The Texas Forestry Association meeting scheduled at Beaumont meeting Wednesday, July 1, has been postponed to the following Wednesday, July 8. The change was made necessary when Association officials were notified that Gov. Coke Stevenson, the feature speaker, had found it absolutely necessary to be in San Antonio on July 1 on a vital unforeseen war emergency.

## "Star Spangled Banner" Has An Interesting History



Mrs. Jack Clark, the former Miss Lila Williams.

More than a century and a quarter ago when the press first acquainted Americans with the words of a poem which was destined to become their national anthem, and after Francis Scott Key, watching the bombardment of Fort Mifflin and seeing that "our flag was still there," wrote "The Star Spangled Banner," and took a copy of the poem to a relative, Judge Nicholson of Baltimore, to ask him what he thought of it.

And 25 years ago another newspaper printed a tribute to our flag which has become famous. On March 30, 1917, the Populva (Kansas) Daily Capital printed a eulogy which had been written by L. I. Murphy of Hays, Kan., during a visit to Topeka two days previously and dedicated to the American Legion, then meeting in the Kansas capital. It follows:

**BEHOLD THE FLAG**

Behold the flag, purest, most potent emblem of our republic, Christian Civilization, that ever saluted the dawn.

Behold The Flag, 'neath drooping in dust of defeat, sired by revealed faith across the revolution, their names unperishable on the pages of gold on the pages of the Lumbia's history, defying the ages.

Behold The Flag, floating in Sunday by the War Time Commission banner, and the eternal capital of the world, founded on the rock of righteousness, symbol of humanity's fondest dream, hope, forever proclaiming the human ideal, and the path of light. Who dare touch with profaning hand this sleeping, majestic guardian of an ardent people's strong, brave and free.

Behold The Flag, immortalized by Washington, her beacon, folds spread from Gull to Coast by Jefferson, borne aloft by Lincoln in state of heroes that united as the torch of freedom and the banner of the blue and gray in faces of patriotism, preserving every star in the shining standard of national sovereignty. May Old Glory in all the blood of time wave with undimmed radiance and increasing splendor over the fairest expanse of God's earth.

Behold The Flag, precious, sublime, inheritance, blessing of America's faith, power, unity sanctified by patriot blood. We consecrate anew in overflowing measure our hearts, our eager, willing service to her, to her defense and greater glory.

In the sunlight of thy glowing colors, the moving story of thy past, we see the promise of the future, mayest thou, guided by the heavenly father, lead the nations to loftier heights, nobler aims, worthier deeds, till the sword is beaten into the plowshares, and peace, benign, hallowed peace, dwells in among the sons of men in a world republican.

**CEILING PRICES ON SERVICE EFFECTIVE JULY 1ST**

On July 1 ceiling prices become effective on services, such as laundering, dry cleaning, garage repairs, piano tuning, watch repairs—or any service connected with a commodity. Professional fees and personal services, such as those of barber and beauty shops, are exempt.

All retail merchants must, this week, have available in his store a list or booklet or catalog showing the ceiling prices in his store on all articles covered by price regulations. This list should be kept where any customer may inspect it during regular business hours.

The Tyler county board will have available in the General Maximum Price Regulation No. 1 and 2 within a few days for distribution to merchants. Those merchants who do not already have a copy of the booklet "The Every Retailer Should Know About the General Maximum Price Regulation" should call on the board.

## Tyler County FFA Boys Extended Special Honors

David Sheffield of Woodville, Daniel C. Nichols, Daniel Bruce Elliott and G. W. Whitford, Warren and Sam Dan Mann of Colmesneil were awarded the Lone Star Farmer Degree at the State Future Farmers conference in New Braunfels. This is the second year that the honor of holding the state office has come to Tyler County.

Woodville boy, David Sheffield, was the state parliamentarian.

In order for a boy to qualify for the state office he must hold a Lone Star Farmer degree which is made by only about one percent of the boys taking vocational courses in the high schools.

David had many qualifications to hold this office. He has a high school diploma and is a member of the Future Farmers of America. He has taken an active part in the activities of the local chapter serving as president of the Green Hand Chapter, reporter and president of the chapter. He made the district, area, and state judging teams. The county team he was a member of was first in the district, first in the area and eighth in the state. He was crowned in the area news writing contest and entered the state news writing contest held at Marshall. David served as reporter of the district chapter and vice president of Area IX.

**OUR WEEKLY JOLT**

For want of about 150 workers, the farmers of Sheridan county, Wyoming, are considering plowing up a thousand acres of sugar beets from which 30,000 sacks of sugar could be made.

The nearby Clearmont area needs 250 workers to invert a similar danger. Business men are rallying to save the situation. Montana is negotiating with Washington to bring interned Japanese from California to fill sugar beet fields there.

Meanwhile more than a million persons are being supported on WPA, CCC and NYA rolls including Tyler county.

**12,000 CANS PUT UP BY COUNTY SCHOOL PROJECT**

The county school board and lunch program, from their cooperative garden on a tract of land donated by C. E. Goodshee near Warren, have already earned over 12,000 cans of vegetables and workers are plating more on the shelves daily.

C. H. Wilbanks, of the Warren schools, said that weather and other conditions have favored the garden and that it probably would surpass the expected output.

The canned vegetables will be used in school lunches for the next school year.

**FORMER TYLER COUNCIL VISITS HERE**

Frank Pitts, son of E. M. Pitts, Sr., and Angie Fuller Pitts (both deceased) stopped in Woodville Tuesday to spend a short while with his uncle and aunt, B. C. Fuller and Mrs. John C. Davis. He has been stationed in the Quartermaster's Corps of Cook Field, Cal., but transferred to the Engineer's Corps of Railroad Transportation at Ft. Belvoir, Va. He also visited his half brother, E. M. Pitts, Jr., and family south of town.

**RHODES-MILLER**

A miscellaneous shower was given at the home of Mrs. Dee Rhodes Saturday night for her daughter, Mrs. Lester Miller, the former Miss Louise Rhodes. The marriage of the bride and groom took place on Saturday, June 27, at the home of Mrs. Rhodes. The bride is a native of Tyler county and the groom is from Woodville.

## USO Asks More Money; Quota Was Passed Here

That patriotic community of Woodville is again first to report fulfillment of a war obligation. Reports reaching here this week are that Warren not only reached their \$3,000 quota in sale of war bonds and stamps, but bested it with a total sale of \$5,246.00. All the local war bond and stamp drives are in the Warren community.

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**ATTEND 'HOWDY NEIGHBOR' MEET**

Clyde E. Smith, president of the local USO, and J. Woodford attended the Y. M. B. L. seven o'clock dinner held in the four grounds harvest club rooms at Beaumont Friday night. Around 100 were present. B. W. H. Akers, managing editor of the Beaumont Enterprise was the principal speaker.

Mrs. Joe Edwards was a Beaumont visitor Monday.

**Just Browsing Around**

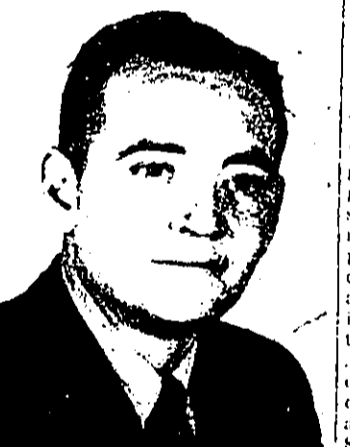
Mrs. A. W. Harrison tickled that she was arranging today. Cross Daniels, playing even with the boys between sleep and tricks at Boykin Springs war games. . . . and Lieutenant Rock saying he should know he could "take it" so well in blasting head and march, march. . . . Jay Kelley with paper in hand enrolling merchants on 4th of July closing plan. . . . Fatty Davis' little girl, swim ming away in Lake Texas selling "Hot Honey" at dad on bank. . . . Esca Walker's hand automatically ejecting itself at the approach of just another blasting head and march, march. . . . Editor Willard shopping giant "choppers" in two with pair of giant scissors. . . . H. C. Wilbanks getting "hooked" by outgoing seniors he wants to see previous number to have them pay their printing bill. . . . Dave Mann reciting word for word the ritual attorneys, and judge goes through in examining jurors, previous number to finally getting court under way. . . . and County Attorney Moody either can "take it" or he didn't just march for he still had a spring blaster and his wife and Scout Rushing the only one of the Boy Scouts to report to Scoutmaster Kenesson Thursday a. m. for rubber collection. . . . Little John Swanson, who is going on a visit with mother in Michigan saying he just didn't like that country where you had to sleep under covers every night and wear a sweater every day.

**REVIVAL AT WARREN METHODIST CHURCH**

A revival is in progress at the Methodist church at Warren. We are pleased to have with us Rev. John Wesley Hardt, son of Rev. W. W. Hardt of Woodville. We had fine attendance and splendid services the first night, Monday. We heartily extend an invitation to all.

Morning services, 7 a. m. evening at 8:45 and young people's meeting at 8:15 p. m. Rev. J. F. Wiltman, Jr., pastor.

Mrs. Jay Kelley has as her guests today her sister, Mrs. S. R. Buchanan and family of Saratoga.



H. L. (Henry) Yancy, Jr.

people of the district and to a selected few. I realize that both our late and our nation are now facing one of the greatest crises that the people of this nation have faced since we gained our independence in 1776. I realize that never have we been faced with such great trials and tribulations by any totalitarian government as we face today.

"I elected I faithfully promise that I will do my utmost to be economical in every possible way, as the federal government is asking us, as loyal and patriotic citizens to stop waste, to contribute to the different war funds, in order that we may win this war as soon as possible.

"If elected, I promise at all times to keep the school children of the state in mind; that I shall work for their advantage at all times. I shall keep the farmer in mind, for he is the man who is feeding the world today. I shall keep the little merchant in mind as it seems that he is struggling to stay in business while the chain stores from the north are gradually forcing him out of business. I shall also keep in mind the common laborer and his welfare, and also the man above 40 years of age, because today the insurance company's are putting him on an exception.

Due to the shortage of rubber, it will be impossible for me to see all the voters of this district. But I will see as many as possible in person. My candidates are: I will think you will and all the boys and girls of the district.



## BOMBS BURST ONCE

By Granville Church

The story of a dauntless young engineer who, with the aid of the Naval Intelligence, outwits an international spy ring operating in Central America, and foils a plot to blast our hemisphere defense.

**IN THIS NEWSPAPER**

Starting Next Week. Do Not Miss

pen. There will be no

water Copies

## Rail oddities

**PAUL BARON'S "GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH"**

WAS THE FIRST CIRCUS TO TRAVEL BY RAILROAD—MAKING ITS FIRST TRIP IN 1872 IN 67 SPECIAL CARS.

More than 50,000,000 TONS OF ICE ARE USED EACH YEAR BY THE AMERICAN RAILROADS IN REFRIGERATOR CARS, DRIVING CARS, RESTAURANTS AND THE LIKE.

**"KEEPING 'EM ROLLING"**

EVERY MINUTE IN 1941 THE AMERICAN RAILROADS MOVED AN AVERAGE OF 1,000 TONS OF FREIGHT, ONE FIFTH THE NUMBER AVERAGE IN EARLIER YEARS.















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VOLUME XXIV.

WOODVILLE, TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1942.

NUMBER 5.

## NOTABLE NEWS EVENTS IN PICTURES



**A HARVEST OF SWEETS**—A combination of sweets go to make up this picture as these beauties do their bit to harvest citrus fruits on West Coast to alleviate help shortage.



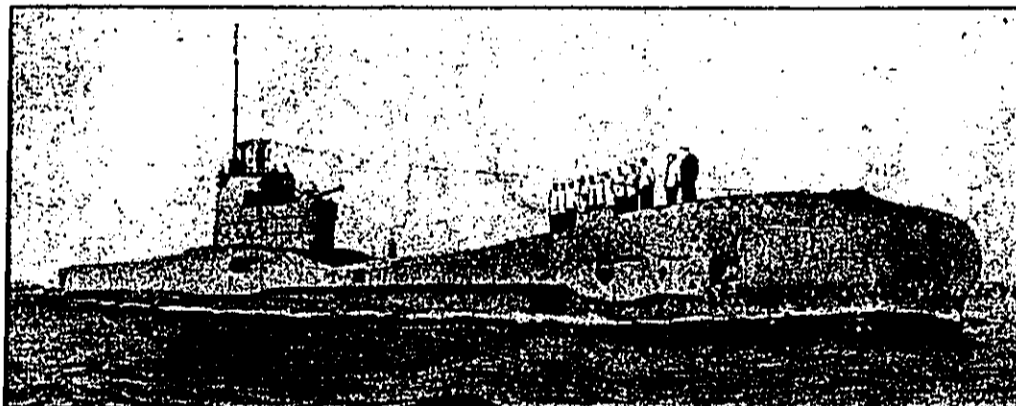
**"DEATH TO AXIS"**—Mexicans now fighting for Uncle Sam, join with fledglings of advanced flying school at Foster Field, Texas, with a promise of "Death to the Axis," after Mexico had entered war. Trio of Americans (left) and Mexicans, seal resolve with handshakes beneath national standards.



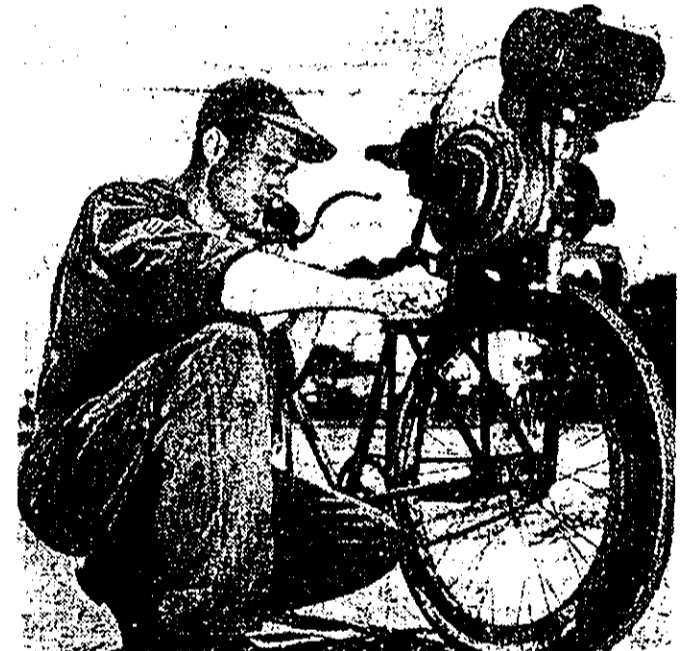
**LIGHTWEIGHT MACHINE GUN**—W. D. Hammond, Los Angeles mechanical engineer displays his newly-invented lightweight sub-machine gun. It's 29 inches long, weighs 6 1/2 pounds and can shoot 500 bullets a minute. With only 31 parts, it can be mass produced.



**SWEATER GIRL**, 1942 style, loads a 90-mm. shell into an anti-aircraft gun on the firing range at the Army's proving grounds at Aberdeen, Md. She's one of many women now employed to test guns there.



**THE BRITISH SUBMARINE THETIS**, sunk in Liverpool Bay during a trial run in 1939, was raised and renamed the Thunderbolt. During a recent cruise she sank two Axis submarines and five supply ships, and saved 43 merchant seamen from death in the Mediterranean.



**INVENTION OF NECESSITY**—Tech. Sgt. A. Kuentz, of Kelly Field, Texas, puts finishing touches on home-made motor bike which does its bit for gasoline conservation, getting 70 miles on a gallon.



**GEHRIG'S WIDOW SERVES**—Mrs. Lou Gehrig, wife of the late Yankee star ball player, now with the American Red Cross Motor Corps, stands beside a Lou Gehrig Memorial Fund Ambulance, which she'll drive.



**A NEW HIGH IN LAW**—Clifford Thompson, 8 feet, 7 inches, believed to be the world's tallest man, towers over fellow law students.



**ONE OF THE MOST** difficult tasks ever attempted by a bird fancier is that of raising hummingbirds. Mrs. G. Tomby, Seattle, Wash., built artificial bird nests and perches, gave flying lessons, and did a host of other tasks to raise baby hummingbirds.



**RUBBER SOURCE?**—This is ordinary rabbit brush, hitherto looked upon as a worthless weed, but now E. H. Rutledge of Department of Interior claims the brush contains 2.88 per cent chrysol rubber.



# A Texas Ranchman's Story of Apache Raids

By FRED GIPSON  
Box 103, Mason, Texas.

WILLIE LEHMANN and his brother, Herman Lehmann, were captured by Apache Indians in 1869 in what is now Mason county, Texas. Willie Lehmann, alive today and 80 years of age, lives on his ranch in the Loyal Valley community of southeastern Mason county. Despite his age, he can still do a full day's work, eat a hearty meal and sleep soundly at night.

When you mention Indians to Willie Lehmann, his eyes flash and his face hardens. He knows the Apaches from far back and knows nothing good about them. It was the Apaches who repeatedly raided his father's ranch in Mason county from 1860 to 1870. It was during one of these raids that his mother shot and killed an Apache warrior and wounded an Apache chief. His father was away from home at the time of this raid.

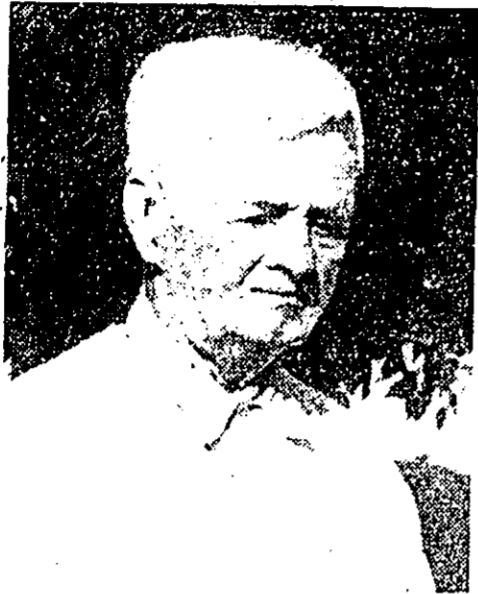
But it is when Willie tells of the time the Apaches captured his brother, Herman, and himself that he is at his best as a storyteller. Here is the story as he told it to me recently.

"After father's death, we were married Philip Rudolph. We lived on Squaw creek in Mason county. It was close to harvesting time and we had a

wheat crop almost ready to cut. Swarms of migratory birds lit in the field to eat the grain (they wasted more than they ate) and we children were sent to scare the birds out of the field. There were four of us—Herman, 11; Carolina, 6; Gusta, 2, and I was 8. Herman carried the baby, Gusta, in his arms.

## Captured By Three Warriors

"After shooting the birds out of the field, we stayed to play games. There had been no Indian raid for months and we children played on never suspecting Apaches were nearby. An Indian can crawl like a snake and that's what three of them did—crawled unseen through the wheat stalks until they were right upon us. One saw a geese caught. Herman, another caught Carolina and another caught me. They paid no attention to the baby.



WILLIE LEHMANN, Mason county ranchman.

"A stone wall fence surrounded the wheat field. The warriors were from Carolina crested to over the fence and went to the aid of the warriors who had seized Herman, Gusta and myself. Herman, Gusta and myself were taken to their camp in the woods.

"The warriors reported their first want to eat some of the geese and ran screaming toward the house. The Indians then turned upon us, but we were not trapped and hid. Two frightened and

exhausted to rise. Assuming they had shot and killed Carolina, all three warriors carried Herman and me to where the main body of Apaches lay concealed—on top of a hill—close to the wheat field.

"Quickly Herman and I were lifted on the backs of two horses. Two warriors put in charge of us, and away we sped out of sight of home, family and friends.

## Thieving Band of Apaches

"This was a thieving band of Apache warriors who had been raiding Texas ranches. They drove a bunch of stolen horses ahead of them. Herman and I were strapped on the backs of two unruly horses that were turned loose to go along with the main herd. The riding was rough and the brush tore our clothing until we were almost naked. The sun blistered us, the nights chilled us.

"Headed northwest, the Apaches hurried on and plundered as they went—stealing more horses and killing more cattle. They ate their meal raw and offered us some of it; when we refused to eat it they only laughed.

"On the ninth day after our capture, I got a lucky break. The Apaches rode unintentionally upon a party of white men who were camped near Kickapoo creek in what is now Concho county, Texas. The Apaches fled. The white men saddled their horses and started in pursuit of the Indians. A running battle resulted. One wounded redskin, who was about leaped on my horse and tried to push me off. I grasped his shirttail and held on while the horse ran at full speed.

"Being stronger, he finally forced me from the horse and I hit the ground with pieces of his shirt-tail in my hand. The other Indians passed on in full flight. I stayed where I had fallen for hours, hoping to be rescued by one of the pursuing white men. Evidently none of them saw me.

## Lost in a Wilderness

"Alone and lost in a wilderness, I wandered around, not knowing what to do or where to go. One day I came across a well-traveled road and stayed beside it, hoping some one would come along and pick me up. A man did come along riding horse-back. I rushed out to meet him and begged him to help me. My tattered clothes and haggard face may have frightened the man, or else he was cold and indifferent, for he gave me a startled look, struck spurs to his horse and galloped away. I sat down and cried bitterly. My child's mind could not understand why any one would refuse to help a little boy in my pitiable condition.

"I remained by the side of the road. The next day a freighter in a wagon stopped when I hailed him. Surprised when told that I had been stolen and abandoned by Indians, he lifted me into his wagon and I rode with him to Rock Springs, Texas, where he left me with a family named Flannigan. Later this good man came back to Rock Springs and took me to my home on Squaw creek, in Mason county. The family had given me up for lost and rejoiced greatly when they saw me back at home safe and sound. The only sad note was the absence of Herman whom the Apaches had carried on to their village in New Mexico.

## Herman Returns Home

"The years went by and no word came from Herman or due to his whereabouts. We wondered if he were alive or dead. The Apaches continued their raids into West Texas aided by the Comanches. Both tribes were ruthless raiders. At last the U. S. government sent enough soldiers into Texas to conquer the hostile tribes, including both Apaches and Comanches. The conquer-

defensive; it will be months probably before our strength is sufficiently mustered to take the strategic initiative away from the enemy.

There also remains the matter of the Aleutians. Landings on Attu, westernmost of the Aleutians, and the reported presence of Japanese ships in the fine harbor of Kiska are cause for some concern, and if the enemy should prove to have landed on, or within easy range of, Dutch Harbor, Alaska, there would be ground for serious worry. But in view of the great Coral and Midway battles, the American picture does not look so bad.

The Dutch Harbor raid initiated nothing so small as a face-saving raid upon American points. It was the beginning of a grandiose Japanese move eastward across the Pacific. The southern "flank," which met repulse off Midway, unquestionably had as its mission the seizure of that mid-Pacific island; the northern forces were to secure the Aleutian flank. If both moves had been successful, Hawaii and Alaska might have been invaded, and eventually the West Coast.

But the smashing of the main drive—

(Continued on Page 5, column B)

tribes were removed to Oklahoma and placed on reservations. There my long lost brother, Herman, identified as a white man living among the Comanches, was sent home. He was 21 years of age, looked like and acted like an Indian. He had been taught to hate the palefaces, to kill them and loot their homes. He had forgotten the German and English languages. I was the only member of the family to whom he showed affection. His mother was just another paleface. Back home among his own people, he felt like a stranger in a strange land.

"I was moved with compassion toward my unfortunate brother; I treated him gently and kindly. I had to teach him German and English all over again, had to plead with him not to leave me when he would get restless and threaten to return to live among the Indians.

"By patience and kindness, I gradually brought him back to the white man's way of thinking and living. But he never forgot his wild, free life among the plains Indians. At times, when the tribal urge was too strong, he would saddle his horse and ride all the way to Oklahoma to visit Quannah Parker and his other Indian friends. He would be gone weeks sometimes before returning to his Mason county home.

Indian social life primitive though it be, appealed to most white children who were kidnapped by savages when young and who remained in a tribe long enough to forget home and family. Rudolph Fischer, of Fredericksburg, was stolen by Apaches when a little

Their tribal law was death to any warrior who killed a medicine man. Knowing this, Herman fled to Texas and joined the Comanches. Eventually he became a Comanche chief and later was adopted into Quannah Parker's family.

"After my brother learned again to speak the white man's language and after he became reconciled to other members of the family, he would talk freely to us about the habits and customs of the Indians. He said when an Indian boy fell in love with and wanted to marry an Indian girl, he had to buy her from her parents. The only medium of exchange was horses. Money in the form of coin or currency was unknown among early Indian tribes of the Southwest. Therefore the love-stricken youth would approach the girl's father and offer him a certain number of horses for his daughter. If the offer was ok, the boy delivered the horses to the father and took the girl to his teepee as his lawful bride. There was no marriage ceremony, no wedding gifts, no honeymoon trip. If a wife was ever unfaithful, the husband cut off her nose. That was the penalty for adultery.

"The red men let their women do the work. A squaw had to cook, wash, sew, chop wood, build fires, build teepees and raise the papooses. A warrior looked on work with disdain. He put in his time fishing or hunting.

"The Indian believed in a hereafter. When he died he expected to go to the Happy Hunting Grounds, where all good Indians go, and he wanted his guns, or bows and arrows placed in the grave



"He finally forced me from the horse and I hit the ground."

child. Ransomed years later, and returned to his parents, he was unhappy at home and finally went back to live and die among the Indians.

## Kills Medicine Man

"Herman lived among the Apaches for years until he killed the medicine man. He was in his teens at this time, but had the strength of a grown man. Whether the killing was justifiable or not, made no difference to the Apaches.

with his body, so when he arrived at the Happy Hunting Grounds he would be ready to slay the buffalo, the deer or the antelope."

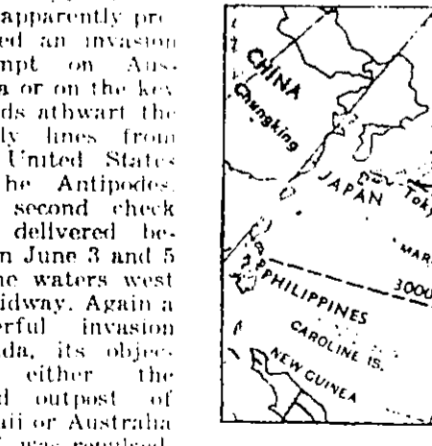
Before his death, in 1932, Herman Lehmann was completely won back to civilized standards. He became one of the leading ranchmen of Mason county, married a socially prominent Loyal Valley woman and was happy and contented throughout the latter part of his life.

# Battle of the Pacific

By HANSON W. BALDWIN

W. W. Cannon of the National Geographic Society says the Pacific theater of the war is the most important in the world's history since the past three months have unfolded. The details of the picture were supplied by reports from American troops who have captured 1,000 miles of the world's largest ocean from the top-drowned rim of the Bering Sea to the tropical heart of Australia. They reported that the Japanese naval arm in the Pacific, in control of the Pacific that suffered severe setback, that the balance of power which swung toward Japan after Pearl Harbor and Malaya night shifting to the United States. If bright colors for the Allied side were discernible, there was also the more ominous fact that a Japanese landing in the Aleutians marked the first invasion of the North American continent.

The first check to the aggression of sea and air forces, which had spearheaded the swift conquest of the Philippines, Singapore and Java came in the campaign of the Coral Sea, began in early March and climaxed by a major encounter with an American task force in early May. The action apparently prevented an invasion attempt on Australia or on the key islands atwart the supply lines from the United States to the Antipodes. The second check was delivered between June 3 and 5 in the waters west of Midway. Again a powerful invasion armada, its objective either the island outpost of Hawaii or Australia itself, was repulsed. While the Midway engagement was under way, another Japanese sea-and-air column struck at the Aleutian stepping stones to Alaska.



Active arena of war moves is the Pacific ocean theater, mapped above. U. S. naval and air forces are now in strong control beyond Midway after big victory over Jap fleet.

## Summary of Two Sea Battles

In its summary of the Coral Sea fight the Navy claimed fifteen Japanese ships sunk, two probably sunk, twenty damaged. The Japan casualties included two carriers and seven cruisers. American losses were put at one carrier sunk—the 3,000-ton Lexington, hit by bombs and blown up but not until most of her personnel were rescued—as well as one destroyer and one tanker.

In its summary of the Midway battle the Navy said: "On the afternoon of June 3, with visibility unlimited, patrolling Army planes of the Hawaiian Bombardment Command sighted two Japanese fleets far out to sea, approaching Midway from different angles. The Army aircraft pressed home an attack, leaving several Japanese vessels in flames. Then they turned back to their

severely punnished. The Japanese are still dangerous and insouciant enemies, our carriers have now met their carriers two and have won them decisively in both engagements. The Navy has proved itself.

This is the most encouraging factor of the situation in the Pacific, and one of the most encouraging factors of the war. It is not, of course, enough. There are still many weaknesses to overcome in our armed service. The casualty rate among our best and most experienced carrier pilots, trained and hard and tough, has been high. We still have very few carriers—plainly not enough for real carrier superiority in the Pacific. Those we have are divided between two oceans and some, we know, have sustained damages. Our plane losses have been large.

## On the Strategic Defensive

And we missed inflicting one of the most decisive defeats in history upon the Japanese at Midway. They were badly repulsed, but they were not annihilated; defeat was not turned into catastrophe. And it must be remembered that we are still on the strategic

# Cheap Source of Food

By AVIS PLATTER  
RFD 1, Edgewood, Texas.

ORE food and fats to help win the war is still being urged by our government, but so far no one has recommended geese as a possible source of food. Easy as well as profitable to raise on the farm, they require less attention and less grain than other fowl because their principal food is pasture grass.

Low, marshy land can be used to raise geese if they have a dry shed to sleep under. Good foragers, geese will roam over the fields and pick up most of their living. They are particularly hardy, sickness is almost unknown among them, and they do not have lice and vermin as much as other poultry. Aside from their market value as food, feathers from geese are always saleable. Each goose will produce about one pound of feathers a year, which usually brings about one dollar a pound. Geese breed well after a year old, and will continue to breed for as long as ten years. It is best to have a gander for every three geese. During a mild winter geese will gather from the ranges most of their feed, but should have a small feed of corn at night.

## Breeding Stock

About the first of February begin to feed your breeding stock geese a little wet laying mash each day. In about three weeks the female will begin laying. The eggs should be gathered promptly to avoid chilling. After a goose has laid about ten eggs she will try to hatch them, but "break her up" as you would a chicken hen; then in a short time she will start laying again. Goose eggs may be incubated. They require the same attention as given to hen eggs except they remain in the incubator 28 days. The eggs must be sprinkled liberally with water every day during the fourth week.

One pair of geese—male and female—is sufficient for a modest beginning,

but two geese and one gander is much better.

The young goslings are awkward, sprawling things when first hatched. They may be put under a small chicken brooder to dry off and acquire strength, although this is not absolutely necessary. Goslings need no feed until they are two days old, then feed them hard-boiled eggs, bread crumbs and coarse sand for grit, with plenty of chopped green feed and water. When raising geese by hand, use a brooder and turn them out on fresh grass every day that is warm. It is important to keep goslings warm and dry at first. After a few days they need little care and may be raised almost exclusively on grass pastures or other green forage, such as alfalfa, green wheat or young rye.

## Marketing Hints

Do not confine geese for fattening but feed them freely on a fattening mash and grain for about a month before marketing. If confined for fattening, they must be fed on a green feed along with mash and grain. They may be sold on foot or dressed. To dress them they should be stuck and allowed to bleed freely, then dipped in scalding water. For dipping, use a container that will hold about fifteen gallons of water. Heat the water by thermometer to about 160 degrees. Put the bird in the water, holding it by the back. Use a forked stick to press the bird's body down in the water until it is scalded, then remove feathers and put in a sack to steam. The feathers come out easily. Finally dip the carcass in very cold water to harden.

I believe an average poultryman can increase his income by breeding and raising of geese. There are perhaps more Toulouse geese than any other breed because of their market demand for this type of geese. A good dressed and baked goose is very fine eating. I prefer it to either chicken or turkey.



# CURRENT COMMENT

By A STAFF EDITOR

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## 1,000 Bombers

BRITISH aviation leaders stepped up the R. A. F.'s raids upon the Nazi-held Continent until 1,000 big bombers, laden with devastating explosives, took part in one raid in one day. Presumably American Army bombers and fighters will co-operate from English bases until as many as 2,000 to 3,000 bombers will daily cripple German production, communications and morale, to relieve pressure on the Russian front. If a land invasion from the west became imperative—because of a German breakthrough in the east, or because of Red Army successes—the aerial "softening-up" process might pave the way.

Whatever strategy is being prepared in London and Washington, the time seems remote when Nazi spokesmen can boast: "Germany is definitely the mistress of the skies." Yet these words were uttered just a year ago. Soon thereafter the R. A. F. took the offensive against a Luftwaffe base in Russia. It opened a "second front," subsequently bolstered by commando raids, which has increasingly occupied the enemy.

## 144 Strikes Called in May

Man-days lost from war production as a result of strikes in May represented 0.06 per cent of the total man-days worked, compared with 1.03 per cent during May, 1941. William H. Davis, chairman of the War Labor Board, reported. The April loss this year was .08 per cent.

Mr. Davis said that 144,000 man-days were lost in May because of strikes, compared with 173,500 in April, while the estimated number of man-days worked was 212,000,000, an increase of 29,000,000 over April.

During May 144 strikes involving 47,800 men were in progress, contrasted with the 95 strikes involving 43,000 men which were in progress in April.

All stoppages of work due to labor disputes, whether strikes or lockouts, were used in compiling the statistics.

## Weather Forecasts to Aid Tire Conservation

The United States Weather Bureau announced that "the need for conserving rubber is so pressing that local weather forecasts appearing in newspapers may soon be utilized to warn car owners that hot weather is the worst enemy of automobile tires." Two suggested examples given were:

Warmer this afternoon. Drive less and drive slow. Tires wear out four times as fast at 100 degrees F. as at 10 degrees.

Continued warm. Don't over-tighten tires on loading platforms. You can't replace them.

Cooperation of the Weather Bureau in the rubber conservation campaign was requested by the OEMA, the Department of Commerce said.

Director Reichelderfer of the Weather Bureau said:

"Compliance with this request is, of course, a matter that depends on the co-operation of the individual newspaper. It will be appreciated therefore if local officials will discuss this with newspaper editors with a view to working out such arrangements as may be practicable."

## Axis Strategy

"From the beginning of the war the strategy of the Axis powers has necessarily been dictated to a considerable degree by their need for oil and iron ore," said Raymond Daniel, war correspondent in New York Times. "With their occupation of the Netherlands Indies Japan tapped a rich source of oil, and Germany, by overrunning Norway and France, gained access to the rich ore deposits of Sweden and Spain."

"The Nazis still need oil to fuel and lubricate their war machine, however, and it is this need, in the coming summer's campaign, that may be expected to underlie their basic military aims. Whatever diversions they may undertake elsewhere, their main objective is almost certain to be Russia's Caucasus oil fields."

## Aircraft Carriers

The modern aircraft carrier—"covered wagon" of the Navy—typifies the new sea war.

Of the four combatant types of surface warships in the Navy, the carrier is the only one whose principal weapon is not the gun but the new swift fighters in the sky.

An aircraft carrier's planes, usually total from seventy-eight to 100, sometimes more. The top, or flight, deck is an airfield half an acre in size; the hangar deck just below, where the planes are stored and repaired, resembles a gigantic armory.

Speed. It may be as much as thirty-four knots—is the carrier's motto. She not only "gets there" fast, she also sends her swarms of bombers, fighters and scouts into the air with amazing swiftness. Four squadrons of seventy-two planes can take off and clear the carrier's flight in 18 minutes. It is probable that even this speed can be increased on some new ships, which can catapult planes from both the flight deck and the hangar deck just below.

The largest crew in the Navy is that aboard the carrier. Crews total from 1,100 (equal to a very large battleship's complement) to more than 2,000, including pilots.

Today our aircraft-carrier building program is greater than that of any other nation, and conversion of new merchant ships into auxiliary carriers goes on.

Still towering, ungainly and hard to

handle, the carrier is changing, assuming the rakish, streamlined lines of her sister ships, and taking at last her place as a capital ship in the advanced line of combat.

## Average Income of Workers

The average income of 37,435,740 persons, reporting wages or salaries in the 1940 census of \$5,000 or under, was \$800 in 1939, the Census Bureau reported. The average wage income of men was \$967 and of women \$540. Of those reporting only \$56,000, or one per cent, received wages or salaries of more than \$5,000.

## Rubberless Tire Experiments

The intensive drives for all collection of scrap rubber brought out a lot of information about this scant product. Numerous experiments are going on to develop tires containing very little or no rubber. Goodyear already has some on test cars. Firestone and Goodrich are experimenting with rubberless tires. Ford has announced a tire that contains only one-sixteenth the rubber normally used. France and Holland are experimenting with cork tires, Denmark with paper composition bicycle tires, and in Budapest wooden-wheeled motor buses are being tried out. President Roosevelt was believed to have some of the American developments in mind when he referred recently to substitutes for rubber tires.

## More Scrap Needed

About half the finished steel used in armaments is derived from scrap iron and steel. There are 9,000 tons of scrap in a 35,000-ton battleship, 1,000 pounds in a 75-mm. howitzer, 500 pounds in a 2,000-pound aerial bomb, 50 pounds in a .50-caliber machine gun. Hard facts like these lie behind the WPB's drive to collect cast-off metal from all corners of the nation.

Consumption of scrap by American steel mills jumped from 23,500,000 tons in 1938 to 59,500,000 tons in 1941. Although the war program needs more steel this year than last, the industry may be hard pressed to forge as much because of difficulties in getting scrap. For eighteen months the furnaces and converters have been operating nearly at capacity; since last fall there has been a tight situation in the supply and flow of scrap to keep them going full blast. At times some of the open-hearth furnaces in the steel belt between Pittsburgh and Chicago have been forced to close down for lack of scrap iron.

## Best Paid Fighters

A United Press dispatch said that American soldiers, sailors and Marines were assured of becoming the world's best paid fighters when Senate and House conferees agreed on legislation

keep them under cover. Sunshine and light deteriorates rubber.

Reducing speed may help in other ways than saving of rubber tires. It may save romance. The theory has been advanced that romance was born under a full moon in a quiet little nook surrounded by honeysuckle vines. That's undoubtedly true. It isn't possible to fall in love while going 60 miles an hour and tooting a horn as you swing around other cars. On the other hand, soft moonlight and honeysuckle and a rippling romance to where you get hitched for life pronto. I know from experience. I was caught the self-same way once upon a time long ago and I blame it all to honeysuckle and soft moonlight. But I stayed hitched and have been happy ever afterward.

Jesus said, "blessed are the peacemakers for they shall be called the children of God." And so they are, but there was a time when peacemakers couldn't keep the peace. Talking peace to a madman is futile. If anybody ever tried to keep the peace and placate Hitler it was Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain, of England. Sherman was partly right when he said, war is hell. War is worse than hell, that is, a war that kills innocent women and children and innocent hostages. For fiendish cruelty Hitler and Hirohito will stack up with Attila and Jenghiz Kahn.

The old custom of drinking sasafraz tea to purify the blood has been discontinued in many communities. Instead we listen to a spiel of some radio announcer about his wonderful cure-all, then we trot off to a drug store and buy it. Sasafraz tea was never on the air, but it has helped to raise more healthy kids than all the nostrums ever broadcast. Nature has put in the ground herbs that will cure most human ills but, unless they are in a pretty package, wrapped in cellophane and tied with blue ribbon, no one will buy them. Our pioneer mothers knew the medicinal value of herbs and used them effectively for relief of simple ailments.

increasing the minimum pay of service men to \$50 a month, and setting up a system of allowance for dependents of those men who earn up to \$78 a month.

The new scale took effect June 1 and compares with the \$45-a-month pay of the Australians, the next highest paid fighters. Canada pays her fighters \$39 a month; Britain, \$15; Germany, \$6; Russia, \$4; Italy, \$1.50; Japan, 30 cents and China, 28 cents.

## New Field Baking Unit for Soldiers

The Army has put in service a new light weight field baking unit, which can be erected and operated within half an hour and can turn out a day's bread supply for 4,000 troops.

The War Department said that the unit consisted of two ovens and a motor driven mixer, transported on any standard Army truck or carried short distances by four soldiers.

The new device saves an estimated 50 per cent of labor formerly involved in baking.

## Farm Labor and Farm Machinery

Reports from Texas and Oklahoma A. & M. Colleges say that farmers are confronted with serious labor shortages, that if crop and livestock are to be produced in quantities needed for a nation at war it will be necessary for farmers to make the best use of available labor supply and machinery. Day and night use of labor saving machines are recommended for planting, cultivating and harvesting crops.

An official bulletin just out of Washington says "there is even indication that new farm machinery and replacement parts for farm machinery cannot be produced" because of pressing demands of war. This means that farmers should take the best care possible of their machinery, whether tractors, cultivators or single beam plows.

A booklet has been issued on how to make present farm equipment last longer. It was written by men who have had practical experience on the farm and who know the farmers' problem in trying to keep his machinery in good workable condition. Copies of the booklet may be obtained free by writing the International Harvester Co., 180 North Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

## U. S. History Not Studied in 82 Per Cent of Colleges

A nation-wide survey, conducted by the New York Times, shows that 82 per cent of the institutions of higher learning in the United States do not require the study of United States history for the undergraduate degree. Eighteen per cent of the colleges and universities require such history courses before a degree is awarded. It was found that many students complete their four years in college without taking any history courses dealing with this country.

Seventy-two per cent of the colleges and universities do not require United States history for admission, while 28 per cent require it. As a result, the survey revealed, many students go through high school, college and then to a professional or graduate institution without having explored courses in the history of their country.

Although study of United States history is not required, many college presidents and history professors believe that it should be made compulsory.

## Passing of Lidice

The traveler along the highroad leading westward from Prague will look in vain for a little village once known as Lidice, some thirty miles out of the Czech capital. Where its hundred-odd small houses—mostly stone and slate-shingled—had stood is nothing but blackened ruins. The old castle on the top of the hill, whose owner, Peter of Lidice, six centuries ago had given the place its name, looked down on a scene of utter desolation. In revenge for the death of Reinhard Heydrich, called "the Gestapo hangman," Lidice had been razed to the ground. The town's inhabitants, Berlin asserted, had given shelter to the two Czech men who killed Heydrich.

Before its destruction the village had housed some 450 inhabitants, all of them Czechs and Roman Catholics. They had earned their bread for the most part in near-by mines, in the fields, in the town's flour mill. They had worshipped in St. Margaret's Church, built in 1736. Now houses, church, factory and mill were gone. Lidice's 200 male

population was dead, shot by Gestapo firing squads. Its 120 women and 200 children were scattered in concentration camps and "correctional institutes" in the far corners of Hitler's Europe. All livestock had been taken and distributed among German residents of other villages. Lidice, so the Berlin radio said, had been "utterly wiped off the map."

## Salvaging Waste Materials

Throughout the land, from the greatest industrial plant to the smallest shop, from the most palatial mansion to the dingiest hovel, a new and embracing treasure hunt is on—the frantic scramble for scrap and waste materials to feed the giant arsenal of democracy. America, always prodigal with its wealth, is finally heeding the old adage, "Waste not, want not."

The shortage of vital raw material, today has given scrap a value it never before enjoyed. For instance, to enable this country to surpass its scheduled output of more than 90,000,000 tons of iron and steel, every available pound of scrap iron and steel must be collected before the cold weather sets in, when collections are hampered. To ease the tight rubber situation enough scrap must be collected so that the production of reclaimed rubber can be strained to reach 250,000 to 400,000 tons if possible.

## Arming Merchant Ships

The arming of America's merchant ships "will be completed within a few months," the Maritime Commission announced.

Reporting "rapid progress," the commission said the vessels were being equipped with the most modern types of weapons to fight off both submarine and air attacks.

The commission added that while full details of this equipment could not be supplied, "it can be said that officers and seamen are protected to the greatest degree possible against machine gunning by enemy planes."

Crews supplied by the Navy man the merchant ship armament.

## Aid to Dependents

President Roosevelt signed and made law June 24 the bill providing for financial aid to dependents of men in the services, and enunciating a congressional policy of preserving the "institution of the home."

Under this bill, financial allotment, go to dependents of Army men up to and including the grade of line sergeants and men in the Navy up to and including third class petty officers. Dependents are divided into two groups, wives, children and former wives entitled to alimony, and brothers, sisters and parents.

The benefit payments to dependents will be payable as of June 1, when the new \$50 minimum pay scale for service men went into effect—but because of administrative difficulties, payments will not actually begin until November 1. In some cases, payments may be made November 1 for five months.

## A Prayer

Our father, as we look out upon a world in which all things seem to be shaken, we thank Thee for the assurances which come to us from the past. We praise Thee that truth crushed to earth was always risen again; and that in the long last, ruthless might has always been self-defeating and self-destructive; and that though love has been crucified, dead and buried by hate, always it has come to life again. And so, we thank Thee for the lift of a long look back, and the lift of a long look ahead.—Dr. Albert G. Butzer.

## Grass Root Reveries

By JOE GANDY

Winniford, Texas

Fourth was quiet because we had saved the fireworks to shoot at the Japs. The Coral Sea and Midway battles showed what kind of punch was packed away in Uncle Sam's fireworks. This punch is just a beginner. When we get going good the Rising Sun will look a pale sickly hue. By that I don't mean the Japs are licked. They are still plenty tough, and will stay tough until our boys over their softer 'em up with more 1,000 lb. bombs.

July is revival meeting time. Big revivals are not what they used to be. Nevertheless, this is a time when we need to do more gospel singing and more earnest praying. If the world had kept up its old summer-time revivals we would not now be in such a mess. The devil is with us always and he works seven days a week, not five days a week. Some folks say the world is getting better. That may be, but it will not stay better until men stop fighting among themselves and start fighting the devil.

We have been brought up to believe that money will buy anything. If it be so, try to buy rubber tires, sugar, radio or refrigerator without a priority permit. I am glad the government rationed radios. I wish they had been rationed before a neighbor bought one of these portable radios. He keeps it on his auto and forgets to turn it off. The other night I woke up at 2 a. m. and the portable was going in high gear with somebody singing, "Wake Up and

A neighbor's sow has farrowed 15 pigs. The sow ought to be decorated with a Congressional medal of honor, for she is doing her bit to win the war. Of course, it will take other things besides pork to win the war, but a fellow who eats sowbelly and blackeyed peas can put up a bloody fight. The Japs, rice-eaters, can never lick a nation that eats corn-pone, ham and red-eyed gravy.

Before this war is over we will get used to a lot of things like sugar-rationing and tire-rationing. I can now drink coffee without sugar and can walk five miles without getting tired. May be I'll get so tough after a while that I can say to Leon Henderson, "Come on, Leo, with your old rationing, I can take it—either on the chin or a swift kick in the pants."

The U. S. Treasury reports a scarcity of dimes, nickels and pennies. I thought small change was still plentiful, for I seem never to have any other kind of money. The purchasing power of small change is tremendous. It is estimated that 25 per cent of all retail buying is done with dimes, nickels and pennies. One of the biggest business institutions in the United States is a chain of 5 and 10-cent stores. There are about 3,600 of these stores scattered all over the world.

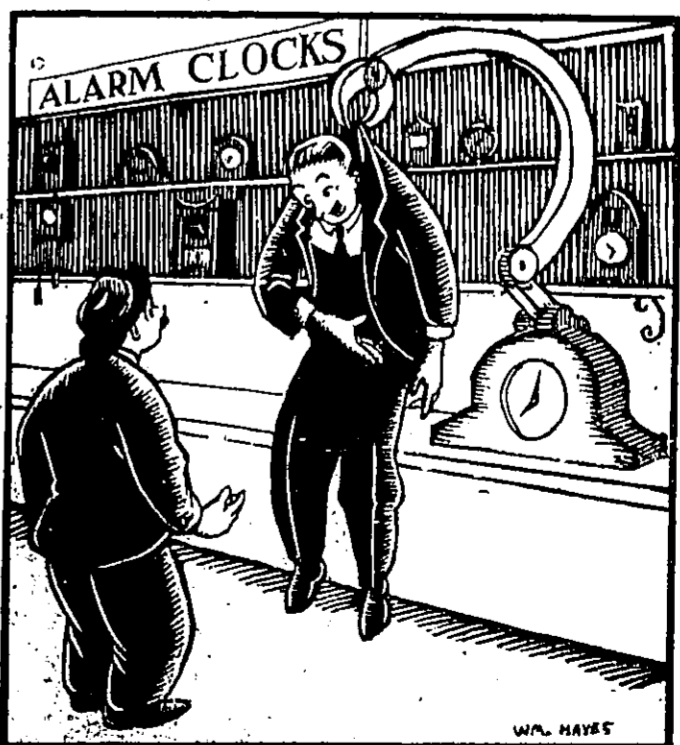
Speed on the highways has slowed down since the President's fire-side chat. He suggested we drive slower to conserve tires. Rationing speed to 35 miles an hour will save more rubber tires than gasoline rationing. Another thing that will save rubber—keep the right amount of air in your tires and



"We need to do more gospel singing and more earnest praying."

## TICKLERS

By Hnyes



"This is our super de luxe model—it really gets you out of bed."



# BRIEF TEXAS NEWS---from Over the State

**TEXANS WERE THERE**  
Of the 79 flyers who helped Jimmy Doolittle bomb Tokyo, 14 were Texans.

**"NIGHT WORKERS"**  
Dallas officers spotted a sign on a home which read: "Do not disturb—night workers." They investigated, and arrested four negroes in the house who had committed 20 burglaries.

**115-YEAR-OLD LOG HOUSE**  
Honey Grove Signal: "A log house built 115 years ago is still standing and the timbers are yet in a good state of preservation. The house, built in 1826 by J. T. Gwaltney, is located 8 miles north of Honey Grove."

**OBSERVES 106th BIRTHDAY**  
Reputedly the oldest woman in Texas, Mrs. Charles Frances Knight, of Centre, (Shelby county), recently observed her 106th birthday. She was born in Ansonville, N. C.

**PREDATORY EAGLES**  
Thousands of young antelope, deer and sheep have been destroyed annually in the Big Bend country by golden eagles, the State Game Department reported. Ranchers are hunting and killing the eagles from airplanes.

**NEGRO AND MULE KILLED BY LIGHTNING**  
Jim Wheatfall, 22-year-old negro, and a mule were killed by lightning on the E. W. Harris farm, east of Navasota, (Gimms county). The negro was plowing with two mules and he and one mule were killed instantly. The other mule was unharmed.

**MADE IT UNANIMOUS**  
Rockdale Reporter: "He already had five sons and a son-in-law in the army, not to mention another son-in-law soon to be inducted, so he decided maybe he'd better join and make it unanimous." He enlisted May 6 and is now stationed at Camp Claiborne, La. His name is P. H. Seitzinger, of Rockdale, (Milam county).

**MUMPS AT 85**  
Cleo Press: "After missing the mumps for 85 years, A. J. Sawyer, who lives five miles west of Cross Plains, (Caldwell county), was stricken with the mumps. So far as is known here Mr. Sawyer, an octogenarian, is one of the oldest persons on record to be bothered with the mumps, usually considered a juvenile disease."

**MARINE GLIDER BASE**  
A \$5,000,000 Marine Corps glider base, to be established at Eagle Mountain Lake, Fort Worth, has been approved by the Navy Department. A total of 2,500 acres of land will be used in the various bases and both land and water glider training will be given. The base will have a complement of 3,000 officers and men, according to an announcement from Washington.

**HOW TO LOSE THE WAR**  
Range News: "An editor gives the following recipe on 'How to Lose the War': Gimme shorter hours, gimme higher pay, gimme bigger profits, gimme more overtime and a half and double time, gimme more pensions, gimme bigger crop benefits, gimme union dues and fees to work for Uncle Sam, gimme closed shops, gimme less taxes, gimme freedom from buying bonds."

**LIBRARY FOR TRAVELING SOLDIERS**  
Ralph Caldwell, T. & P. station agent at Gladewater, (Gregg county), has a library in the station for "traveling soldiers." The books and magazines, donated, have piled high and take up more space than he has available.

"The soldiers are thankful for the library service. They select what they want to read and take it away without having to pay for it or return it. Several of them have written me 'thank you' letters," he said.

**PRAYER FOR ARMED FORCES NOTICE**  
Upon request, the Mayor and City Council of the City of Wortham, (Freesburg county), voted unanimously to have a short blast of the fire whistle at 10 o'clock each morning, beginning June 8, 1942, to remind each and every one of us to stop what we are doing at said time, and engage in one minute of prayer for our boys who are with the armed forces.

R. W. Williford, as Mayor, and for the City Council.

**FLYING SUITS OF FUR**  
Most Texas fur-bearing animals, says the State Game Department, especially the muskrat which is found in relative abundance in the marshes of East and Southeast Texas, are now providing excellent pelts for use in manufacturing flying suits.

The Army and Navy air units use the pelts of fur-bearers in the manufacture of heavy flying suits which aviators wear on bombing expeditions that range up to approximately 18,000 or 20,000 feet. The fur-lined suits literally make these high altitude flights possible in the frigid upper sky zones.

**OUTRANKS HUSBAND**  
Mrs. John E. Pike outranks her husband in the army. She is first lieutenant in a nurse corp at Lubbock air field and he is chief petty officer in a naval training camp at Houston.

**TRAFFIC DEATHS REDUCED**  
Traffic deaths from January to June, 1942, in the four principal cities of Texas are as follows:

City	1941	1942
Dallas	10	11
Fort Worth	15	12
Houston	18	12
San Antonio	20	17

**ORGANIZED GUERRILLA BAND**  
McAllen Monitor: "A band of untrained but willing to learn guerrilla fighters has been organized in McAllen, (Hidalgo county). They are picked men, noted for good marksmanship, and are to be added to McAllen's civilian defense force. It is believed to be the first group of the kind formed in Texas."

**WHITE SQUIRREL**  
El Campo News: "Black squirrels are rare these days but even more of an oddity to hunters is the white squirrel. Edward Hurta, while looking for turkeys on his mother's place on the Tres Palacios near Midfield, (Matagorda county), discovered a white squirrel and with the aid of other members of the family, captured it. Young Hurta has refused attractive offers for the squirrel."

**YOUTHS TRAINING FOR WAR WORK**  
A total of 49,902 out-of-school Texas youths, more than any other State, are training for war work, said Dr. L. A. Woods, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

**TARPON RODEO CANCELED**  
Cancellation of the 1942 Port Aransas tarpon rodeo and deep sea roundup for the war duration was announced by Elmer Sowers, president of the Port Aransas Boatmen's Association. The rodeo has been held every year since 1928.

**A. & M. REGISTRATIONS**  
Registration for the summer semester of the 1942-43 school year at A. & M. College totaled over 5,000. H. L. Heaton, acting registrar, announced.

**YIELD OF AUTO SCRAP HEAPS**  
Texas automobile junk heaps have yielded more than 200,000 tons of scrap metal, Thomas L. Mullican, region executive of the War Production Board said. The scrap from Texas yards was enough to make 500 medium tanks, Mullican declared.

**INTERNATIONAL RODEO PROMOTER DEAD**  
Midland Spence Jewell, age 68, old-time cattleman who early promoted the rodeo as an international sport, died in Midland, (Midland county), May 28.

**HOUSECATS KILL MANY BIRDS**  
The State Game Department reports that when housecats stray away from home and become wild they are the greatest enemy of birds. "All persons interested in the rich birdlife heritage of Texas (there are 800 species) should kill all stray housecats," the Game Department advised.

**SCRAP RUBBER COLLECTIONS**  
America's scrap rubber drive netted 200,881,000 pounds (100,440 tons) during its first six days, including 15,250,000 pounds (7,625 tons) from Texas, 2.38 pounds per capita in the State, the Associated Press reported from Washington.

Secretary of Interior Harold I. Ickes remarked that the response of the East was very discouraging. He sounded a warning.

"This is putting it up to the people to determine whether they want to run their cars or not by turning in rubber. If it is not turned in—enough to take care of military needs—we'll have to get the rubber some other way."

Texas' per capita contribution was not the highest, but it was well up the list. The national average was 1.52 pounds per person.

**U. S. O. DONATIONS**  
Texans have contributed \$832,500 to the United Service Organizations, Harry C. Wiess, State U. S. O. chairman, reported. Three-fourths of the State's quota of \$1,110,000 has been collected.

**WEEVILS DAMAGE COTTON**  
Records indicate that boll weevils are injuring about a third of the older cotton squares in many spots in South and Central Texas, reports F. L. Thomas, chief, division of entomology, Texas Agricultural Experiment Station.

**WINS NATIONAL SPELLING BEE**  
Richard Earnhart, 11-year-old student in the 7th grade of Coldwell School at El Paso, won the 18th National Spelling Bee in Washington by knowing how to spell "acquiesced" and "sacrilegious." Richard was entered in the contest by The El Paso Herald-Post. He will receive \$500 and a free trip to New York City. The spelling contest lasted four hours.

**BULLFROG FARMING**  
If you want to know how to start a bullfrog farm write the State Game Department, Austin. The department has issued a free bulletin on the subject, written by one of their field biologists. One interesting fact recorded in the bulletin is that Texans are estimated to consume 300,000 pounds of bullfrogs annually.

**FIRST STATE SEAL**  
Monahans American: "It is said that Texas Provisional Governor Henry Smith made the first State Seal of Texas in 1836 from the imprint of a large brass button, cut from his overcoat. The Seal consists of a five point star, encircled by olive and live oak branches and the word, 'The State of Texas.'"



**THE OLD WEST AND THE NEW**—A Texas cow-puncher demonstrates his prowess with the rope for air cadets at the Lubbock, Texas, Army flying school which has sprung up on his cattle range.

**OFFICIAL STATE BIRD**  
At the request of Women's Clubs the Texas Legislature of 1937 adopted the mockingbird as official State bird.

**BAN ON FAIRS**  
Representatives of State and county fairs protested to Director Joseph B. Eastman of O. D. T., Washington, against his request that such exhibitions be called off this year to save tires. Others in the group which called on Eastman included Ralph Hemphill, secretary of the Oklahoma State Fair.

**FARM HAND WANTED**  
The following want ad appeared in a Texas weekly newspaper:

**WANTED**  
To hire a man who can partly fill my place on the farm. To meet requirements, he must be a good teamster and veterinarian, car driver, tractor driver, windmill repair man, blacksmith, harness and saddle mender, bookkeeper, poultryman, dairyman, cowboy, plumber, carpenter, concrete worker, bricklayer, etc. He must understand all about soil, noxious weeds, planting, irrigation, cultivation, rotation, the AAA, USDA, USO, PWA, WPA, etc. He must know how to operate all kinds of farm machinery from a hoe to a threshing machine, and above all, he must not be afraid to work. There are several other things I should mention, but as help is going to be hard to obtain this summer, I don't think us farmers can be too particular.—A Farmer.

**CHAMPION SNAKE KILLER**  
Putnam News: "Leo Wiloits, living in the Harts community, (Eastland county), about four miles west of the Hart school house, reports the biggest snake-killing of the season. He located a den about one-half mile west of Deep Creek and decided he would kill them out, so he went to work and when he was through he had 103 rattlers stretched out on the ground dead."

**JULY OIL PRORATION**  
The Texas Railroad Commission has issued its order for oil production in July, setting the State's daily average for all petroleum liquids at 1,209,482 barrels. Outside of the East Texas field there will be 11 idle days for July and 20 producing days. The East Texas field will have 11 producing days and 14 idle ones.

**BIG BEND PARK PURCHASES**  
Eugene Thompson, representing the State Park Board and administrator of the Big Bend Land Department, says that 85 per cent of the 800,000-acre Big Bend park had been purchased, that remaining 15 per cent would be paid by September 1, 1942. As soon as the land purchase program is completed the State of Texas will turn this land over to the National Park Service. Representatives of the National Park Service will visit Mexico on June 1 to confer with Mexican park officials on making available a similar tract of land on the Mexican side.

**16-YEAR-OLD U. OF T. GRADUATE**  
Martin G. Ellinger, age 16, of Austin, was the youngest of 1,400 University of Texas seniors to graduate in May. He will get a B. A. degree in chemistry, complete his master's degree work at summer school and go to Harvard next fall for his third year.

**AVERAGE TEXAS SOLDIER'S ANNUAL UPKEEP**  
To keep the average Texas soldier in fighting trim for the first year, the government spends \$404.65, of which \$175.20 goes for food, \$162.05 for clothing, \$15.79 for individual equipment and \$51.61 for barracks equipment.—World Wide Features.

**WILD GUAYULE PRODUCTION**  
Wild guayule growing in Texas will produce 200 to 250 tons of rubber, an Agriculture Department report revealed. The amount, according to the department, "is insufficient to warrant the construction of an extraction factory."

**RARE CLOCK COLLECTOR**  
A. F. Gibson, jeweler, of Beaumont, is a rare clock collector. He has clocks from all over the world. One clock, a Meissen-Dresden, very old and which bears the royal crest of former owner, is worth about \$500, Gibson says. He has another clock that runs a whole year with just one winding. As for grandfather's clocks, he has half a dozen ornately made of brass, carrara marble and mahogany.

**NEW CCC CAMPS**  
Two new CCC camps have been established at Camp Bowie, Brownwood, and Camp Walters, Mineral Wells, where the boys will be assigned to work on military reservations. After all expected closing orders have been received the State will have, it is reported, ten CCC camps. Seven of these will be for white boys and three for negroes.

**SCRAP RUBBER SACRIFICE**  
According to a press dispatch from Weimar, (Colorado county), one family in that little South Texas town has made the greatest sacrifice in the scrap rubber drive. It says:

The baby has given up nipples and rubber balls, sister has given up her old tire swing, brother has given up his slingshot rubbers and old bicycle tires, mother has given up her rubber gloves and old overshoes, grandmother has given up her hot water bottle and daddy has given up his old rubber boots, shoe heels and tobacco pouch.

**PRE-FLIGHT TRAINING**  
The State committee on classified and accredited schools has approved a pre-flight aeronautics course for Texas high schools. State Superintendent L. A. Woods urged all administrators to start the course, which will be accepted as an accredited unit toward graduation, to aid the war effort and spread knowledge of aviation.

**IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE**  
McKinney Examiner: "Ernest Donihoo lost two \$10 bills recently. He put an ad about it in the Examiner. Billy Ray West found the money in the Princeton postoffice where Mr. Donihoo had dropped it, read the ad and returned the money to Mr. Donihoo. All of which proves that it pays to ADVERTISE IN THE EXAMINER. If you don't believe it, lose a few \$10 bills and try our classified columns."

**CHURCH BUYS WAR BONDS**  
A fund of \$1,500 which members of the congregation of the Fairview Cumberland Presbyterian Church, (Harris county), accumulated over a period of five years, toward a new church building, will go into war bonds instead. The congregation decided to forego construction plans until after the war, and ordered three \$500 bonds purchased.

**BEST FED ARMY**  
The U. S. Army is the world's finest fed army, said Col. John S. Chambers, commanding officer of the Fort Worth Quartermaster Depot. "A properly and adequately fed army," he pointed out, "is essential to winning a fighter whether he be in the Air Corps, a tank battalion, on the sea, or in the infantry." He recalled that many wars have been lost by armies having insufficient rations.

**CHINESE CO-ED IS DEPUTY CONSTABLE**  
Mae Chung Ginn Ng is a deputy of Constable Homer Casey, of McLennan county. Casey gave the Chinese co-ed, student of Baylor University, Waco, the deputy's commission after he heard her speak at a Waco Business Men's Club. Miss Ng, born of Chinese parents in Virginia, went to China for her education but was driven from Canton in 1937 by Japanese bombs.

**LEADS NATION IN TRAFFIC DEATH REDUCTION**  
State Police Director Homer Garrison reported that Texas is leading the nation in traffic death reduction, that patriotism, curtailment of traffic and stronger law enforcement reduced traffic fatalities 9 per cent in Texas during the first five months of 1942.

Garrison cautioned that "needless loss of human life will not stop until pedestrians and motorists alike accept their patriotic responsibility to be careful for the sake of the war effort."

**LIFE-SAVING HINTS**  
Torrid temperatures are driving Texas bathers to municipal pools, lakes, streams and beaches.

Twelve rules for bathers were listed by Robert E. Lavegan, president of the National Physical Education Society of the YMCA, in an effort to lower the heavy toll of lake, river and ocean drownings, which last year numbered 6,000. Here are his warnings and his tips:

1. After the winter lay-off take your swimming in easy doses. You may not be as good as you used to be.
2. Don't take foolish chances. Many fatal accidents result from horse-play.
3. Walk out and swim in. That way you'll never get beyond your depth.
4. Don't swim alone. Always have a water-buddy, preferably a swimmer stronger than you are.
5. Swim only at a supervised beach or pool.
6. Don't go in the water soon after a meal.
7. Don't dive until you're sure how deep the water is.
8. It's not brave to give or take a dare.
9. Stay out of canoes and row-boats if you can't swim.
10. Learn artificial respiration.
11. If you can reach a person in trouble with a pole, belt, or towel, do so. It's more sensible than jumping in.
12. In making a rescue, use a boat if possible. It's less spectacular, but safer.

By Boughner





# A LITTLE FUN Jokes to Make You Laugh

## Hazard of Public Life

City Councilman Harry Davenport of Pompton Lakes, N. J., got a letter from the local American Legion Post: "You are invited to be one of the speakers at our Memorial Day meeting. The program will include a talk by the Mayor, recitation of Lincoln's Gettysburg speech by a high school pupil, your talk and then the firing squad."

## The Boss

"My boy," Themistocles, the soldier and statesman once said to his young son, "you are the most powerful person in all Greece."  
"How can that be?" asked the lad.  
"Because," answered Themistocles, "the Athenians command all of Greece; I command the Athenians; your mother commands me, and you command your mother!"

## Newly Wed

"Oh, yes," said newly wed Mrs. Smith, "my husband is an enthusiastic archaeologist. And I never knew it until yesterday. I found in his desk some queer-looking tickets with the inscription, 'Mudhorse, 8 to 1.' And when I asked him what they were, he explained to me that they were relics of a lost race. Isn't it interesting?"

## Conscientious

The CIO foreman was absorbed in the intricacies of the job he was working on, apparently oblivious to his new apprentice who stood looking on.  
"Say," inquired the lad, "do you charge for my time?"  
"Sure, I'm gonna put it in the bill," was the reply.  
"But I haven't done anything," the helper protested.  
The CIO foreman gazed at him a moment in silent pity. Then he turned to make a final inspection of the finished job by the light of the candle. Satisfied that all was okay, he handed the stub of the candle to the helper and said, witheringly, "All right, kid, if you gotta be so conscientious, blow that out!"

## Painfully Neat

Mrs. Hicks, a Maine housewife, is so painfully neat that she makes life miserable for her family. One of her rules is that all members of the household must remove their shoes and put on slippers before entering the house.  
"Bill," she remonstrated one day with her husband, "I found a grease spot on one of the dining room chairs and I think it came off those pants you wear to the shop."  
A brief silence ensued, then Bill said: "Well, Miranda, for the last 15 years I have taken off my shoes every time I come into this house, but I'll be hanged if I'll take off my pants!"

## Not Far Wrong

Son: "Pa, why do we have two houses of Congress?"  
Pa: "The representatives make the laws and senators talk them over, then pigeon-hole them."

## Poultry News Production Program

### Maintaining Production Through Summer

Feeding some of the laying mash in a damp, muggy state each day will encourage feed consumption and help maintain production, says the Poultry Tribune. Feed what they will clean up in 15 or 20 minutes, feeding it around noon. Many flocks go into a molt earlier than is necessary, due to heavy infestations of lice and mites, overheat laying houses, poor feeding and neglect. Maintaining production during the summer months toward the end of the natural laying period of old hens is even more difficult than obtaining good production from pullets, but it pays well because the hens lay large eggs, and egg prices are at their highest in the summer and fall.

### Quality Program

With better egg prices, and with more emphasis on quantity instead of quality, many of us have been inclined to slight those practices which produce good egg quality. Gathering eggs three times a day and storing them in a cool, moist place, keeping clean nests; marketing the eggs at least twice a week; and being sure to pack all eggs with the small end down, are the most important points in maintaining egg quality, and as such, should not be neglected, even though the margin between ordinary eggs and quality eggs is not so great as it has been in years past. Build up a reputation for marketing good eggs and your eggs will always sell—sometimes slightly higher than the eggs of a producer who is careless about how he handles his eggs.

Feed Bureau  
**TEXO FEEDS**  
It's in the Bag

## Sorry, Sir

An angry subscriber, having trouble with the telephone, bellowed at an operator, "Am I crazy, or are you?"  
"I'm sorry, sir," she replied in her sweetest institutional voice, "but we do not have that information."

## Well Earned

Members of the Missionary Society had assembled to turn in their money for charity, and to relate the difficult and amusing experiences of earning it.  
"Sister Lamm; how did you earn your dollar?" asked the chairman.  
"I got it from my husband," replied the good sister.  
"Oh, but that is not earning it," remonstrated another sister.  
"Evidently you don't know my husband," said Mrs. Lamm.

## Fever Going Out

Antigonos Cylops, most distinguished of Alexander the Great's generals, went to see his son who was ill. At the door of the sickroom he met a beautiful girl, just leaving. Going in, he found his son looking surprisingly well.  
"The fever has left me," the young man explained.  
"Yes," replied Antigonos, "I met her going out as I was coming in."

## The Neighbors Knew

Missus: "I wish you would shave that mustache off, John, you look like Hitler."  
Mister: "Don't worry, dear. The neighbors know I'm no dictator."

## Pray for Callahan

Claney was in bed, his eye bandaged, and the priest had dropped in to see him. During the course of their conversation the priest said:  
"I intend to pray that you may forgive Callahan for having thrown that brick at you."  
"Thank ye, your reverence," said Claney, "but ye would save time if ye'd just wait till I get well an' then pray for Callahan."

## No Wonder

The devoted young wooer had ordered two dozen roses to be sent to his loved one on her 24th birthday. "A rose for every precious year of your life," his note read.  
Filling the order later, the florist threw in an extra dozen because the fellow was one of his best customers.  
Now, the young wooer wonders why the loved one has quit speaking to him.  
Did Bob Tell This One?  
This story sounds like it was told by Bob Burns:  
"While tramping in Canada one bitterly cold day last winter I saw a red-headed woodpecker perched on a large rock, tapping so hard and fast with its beak at the granite that sparks were flying. The bird, skipping nimbly, was stepping on the sparks as fast as they fell, thereby keeping its feet warm."

## Battle of the Pacific

(Continued from Page 2)

at Midway, leaving the Japanese positions in the outer Aleutians to a certain extent flanked. However, the enemy is aided by the fact that the outer Aleutians were probably lightly held (many of them were uninhabited) by the cover of almost perpetual fog and bad weather, and by the distance of those islands from any of our main bases (Attu is 765 miles from the northernmost of the Japanese Kuriles and some 846 miles from Dutch Harbor).  
But these same factors will militate against the successful use of these islands by our enemy as offensive bases, although once he is ashore it will be difficult to expel him.  
Admittedly, the war in the Pacific is very far from won; we must prepare against new enemy blows.

## MONUMENT TO SEA GULLS

In the grounds of the Temple Court, under the shadow of the famed Mormon Tabernacle, at Salt Lake City, stands a tall, slender monolith topped by a sea gull with outspread wings, said to be the first monument ever to be erected to a bird. Carved by Mahonri, a grandson of Brigham Young, it was erected in 1913 in commemoration of one of the most romantic episodes in the whole romantic Mormon history.

The winter of 1847-48 found the first Mormons established in Salt Lake City, after a grueling journey across the plains and mountains from Illinois. Many of them had pushed their meager belongings before them in handcarts for 1,500 miles. All were desperately poor. They subsisted through the winter chiefly on poor beef; in the spring they ate wild parsnip roots and thistle tops. Their carefully hoarded potatoes and grain had been planted and were just beginning to

promise a lush crop when, in May and June, 1848, a plague of crickets invaded their fields.

From the islands of the great Salt Lake thousands of sea gulls flew out over the fields and descended upon the crickets. All day long they devoured the pests. For several days the process went on, while the thankful settlers looked on in awe until the cricket horde was destroyed.

To this day the sea gull is regarded by the Mormons as a sacred bird. And as groups of tourists are taken through the Tabernacle grounds by the Mormon business men, who donate their time to serve as guides, each one hears this story, related at the foot of the Sea Gull Monument, by a guide who tells it with his head humbly bowed.

## HOW TO MAKE TIRE TUBES LAST LONGER

A more serious affair than the life of automobile tires is that of the tubes, says Dr. G. Ross Robertson, associate professor of organic chemistry at the University of California, Los Angeles, recalling the habit which most people have of putting old tubes into new tires.

The professor, however, gives a tip on how to make the old tubes last. "The problem is partly chemical in nature," Dr. Robertson says. "The reason why tubes now last longer than they used to is because research chemists have learned how to slow down the oxidation and other chemical decomposition of rubber. But if the modern treated rubber is allowed to lie next to catalysts, chemicals which speed up reactions, its life may be shortened considerably. Metallic oxides

such as iron rust can cause the damage.

"In the present emergency motorists would do well to inspect the center of the steel rim, where a line of rust may easily form adjacent to the inner tube.

"It would be good strategy with older cars to remove all tires, clean and treat the insides of rims with a suitable rust-resistant paint and give an appropriate dust or powder treatment to the tubes, and this operation gives the opportunity to shift tires around to other wheels for balancing their wear."

## SERGEANT YORK REGISTERS

Sergeant Alvin C. York, hero of the World War I, registered on April 27 under the Selective Service Act by the same person and at the same table where he registered in 1917.

Sergeant York, a green mountaineer then, fought against being drafted on the grounds that he was a conscientious objector. He subsequently changed his views and in the Battle of Argonne killed 20 Germans and captured 132 in a feat pronounced by Marshal Foch as "the greatest thing accomplished by any private soldier of all the armies of Europe."

He is now a member of the local draft board.

## WARNS AGAINST SACCHARIN

A warning to home-makers against the use of saccharin as a substitute for sugar in canning and preserving fruits has been issued by Isabelle S. Thursby, food specialist with the State Home Demonstration Department of Florida.  
Saccharin, a white crystalline derivative of coal tar, is 300 times as sweet as sugar,

STOP BAWLING MRS. MOG. SHE'LL GET LIFELONG PROTECTION AGAINST BLACKLEGS WITH THAT SHOT OF CUTTER BLACKLEGOL.

One-shot BLACKLEGOL immunity at least 99.999% certain

CUTTER Laboratories - Atlanta, Ga.

SAN ANTONIO AND FORT WORTH

but it is not a carbohydrate and possesses no food value, and should not be used except by doctor's prescription, Miss Thursby explained.

The home demonstration worker also pointed out that most State food laws prohibit use of saccharin in food products because it is considered unsafe for general use.

Miss Thursby listed sugar, salt and alum as the three commonly used food hardeners, but she urged home-makers not to use alum because it is unnecessary if pickles are made by modern methods and because it is an adulterant. Sugar and salt are not considered adulterants in canning fruits and vegetables.

## SELF-REFRIGERATION

Refrigerated lard purchased by the Agricultural Marketing Administration for lease-lend purposes is now used like ice. Holds of ships are lined with insulating material and large containers of lard chilled to zero temperature or even lower are packed around perishable foods and a layer or two of frozen lard is placed over the top. The whole is covered with more insulation. All this saves the space that refrigerating machines would occupy.

# YOU WANT STEADY NERVES to "hit the silk" in a paratroop attack



"JUMP" is the command that starts you on that headlong earthward plunge through space, but the real order of the hour is steady nerves! For these soldiers of the sky—for every one of us! So take a tip from the men in the front line. Their favorite is Camel—the slow-burning, mild cigarette. Make Camel your cigarette, too.

YOU BET I SMOKE CAMELS. THEY'RE EXTRA MILD AND THEY ALWAYS TASTE GREAT



With men in the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard, the favorite cigarette is Camel. (Based on actual sales records in Post Exchanges, Sales Commissaries, Ship's Service Stores, Ship's Stores, and Canteens.)

## Important to Steady Smokers:

The smoke of slow-burning

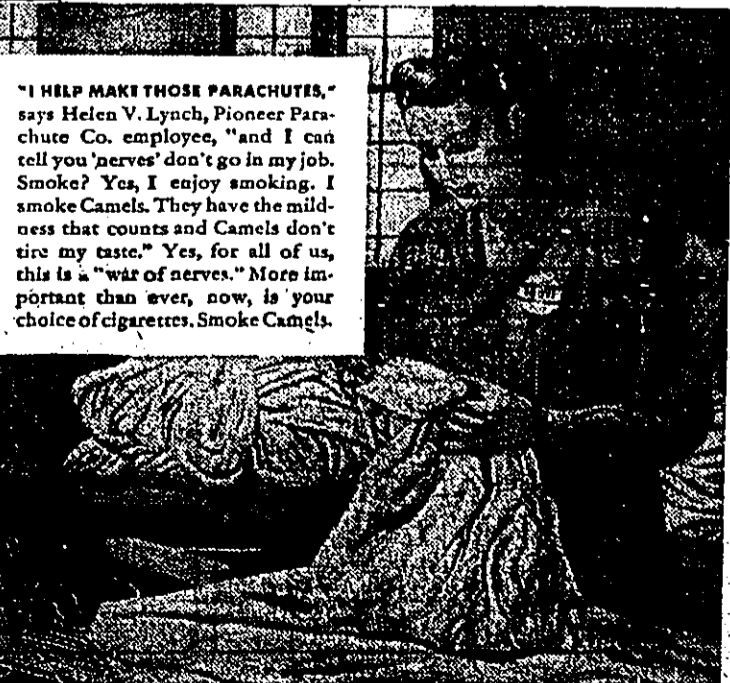
# CAMELS

contains LESS NICOTINE

than that of the 4 other largest-selling brands tested—less than any of them—according to independent scientific tests of the smoke itself!



"I HELP MAKE THOSE PARACHUTES," says Helen V. Lynch, Pioneer Parachute Co. employee, "and I can tell you 'nerves' don't go in my job. Smoke? Yes, I enjoy smoking. I smoke Camels. They have the mildness that counts and Camels don't tire my taste." Yes, for all of us, this is "war of nerves." More important than ever, now, is your choice of cigarettes. Smoke Camels.





# TEXAS FARM NEWS REPORTS

According to reports, the first bell peppers sold in Smith and Cherokee counties this year were produced and sold by W. H. Rawlings, of Troup, bringing \$5 per bushel.

Present prospects are for a 25 to 30 per cent pecan crop this year, county agents and pecan growers reported at the recent meeting of the West Texas Pecan Growers' Association.

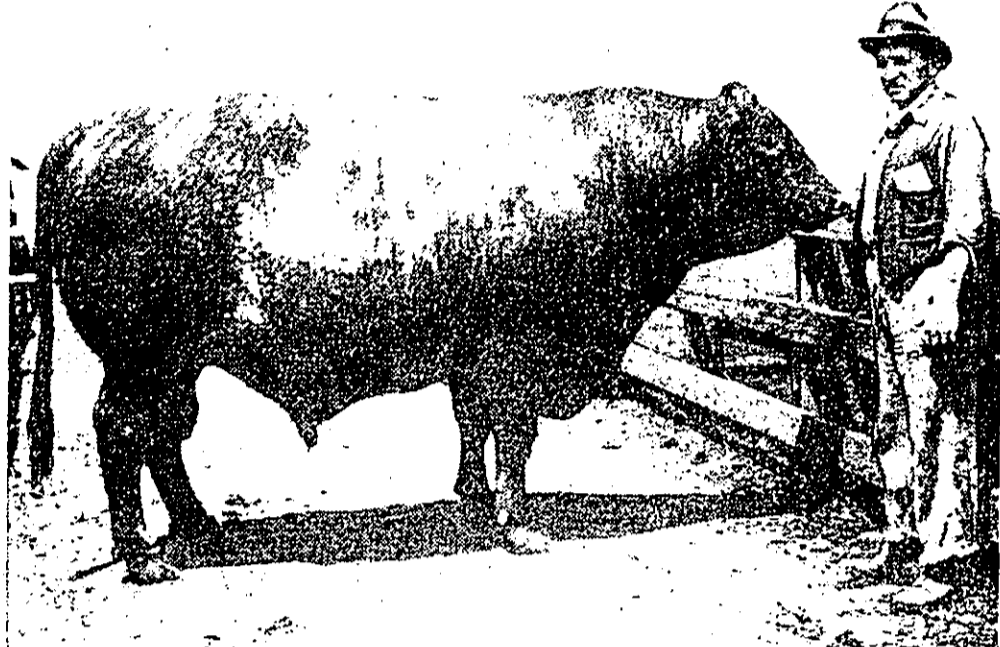
A large-scale poultry raiser is W. O. Gray, of Burkett, (Coleman county), who had 3,240 White Leghorn hens and pullets in his poultry yard. Included in this total were 650 hens, 850 pullets four months old, 1,150 three months old and 590 four weeks old. Last year Mr. Gray sold between \$5,000 and \$6,000 worth of eggs, and fed 19,000 pounds of mash per month during last winter.

"Despite the fact that South Texas planted 50 per cent more cabbage during the 1941-42 season than in the preceding season and the fact that the average yield was 6.2 tons per acre as compared to 4 tons the preceding year, revenue from the crop was disappointing," according to the U. S. Department of Agriculture's market news service.

Flax — new chemurgic crop for South Texas — is assuming increasing importance as a source of agricultural income. This season's flax seed yield will run 13 to 20 bushels to the acre and will bring \$2 per bushel, believes H. L. Alsmeyer, Nueces county agent. Already Texas has a mill — at Corpus Christi — for pressing the oil out of flaxseed.

Texas lost 19,253 farm laborers in two recent months to out-of-State beet fields. Labor Commissioner J. D. Reed reported in Austin. The exodus of farm laborers came as a result of solicitations by licensed agents, Reed said.

"Cow for cow, Japan has better ones than Texas, although it is not a dairy country," said G. Johnson, manager of the Carnation Company plant at Schulenburg, (Fayette county). "Japan has no pasture and all of the cows are hand fed. They're kept in the same house as the family. Milk is a luxury in Japan and only a few people can buy it." Johnson spent three years in Japan for his company.



STOCKYARDS BIGGEST IN 25 YEARS - Over twenty thousand "hot dogs" from one animal is prepared by Chicago stockyard officials from this 2,900-pound Texas steer. He's the biggest to hit the yard in 25 years and was hand-dressed to spare machinery.

The oldest agricultural society in the State of Texas, the Cat Spring Agricultural Society, celebrated its eightieth anniversary on June 7.

A Brahman calf belonging to Oscar Rossett, of Runge, (Karnes county), has four ears, two large or regular size and one smaller ear fastened to the top of each of the regular ones, according to reports.

Secretary Wickard asks Texas sheepsmeaters to make a slight change in their shearing practice by leaving one-quarter to one inch of wool on the pelts of lambs and yearlings to be sold for slaughter. These pelts will be made into flying suits for our air forces.

C. J. Matthews, who had an 8-acre field of wheat west of the Plains, (Caldwell county), averaged 18 bushels per acre and was of the smooth-head variety. He kept some of the crop for seed, and sold the remainder for \$1 per bushel.

Blue eggs will reach the city limit, reports the production of eggs are kept clean and if they are gathered at least three times a day, says G. P. McCarthy, poultry husbandman of A. A. M. College Extension Service.

J. Q. Locke, of Union Hill, (Brazos county), raised a yam in his garden that so closely resembles a duck that a picture will be made of it and sent to "Believe-It-Or-Not" Ripley. It is complete with shoe button eyes, feet, tail and wing feathers added by Mr. Locke.

A heifer calf bought 11 years ago has paid Rev. J. R. Williamson, of near Cross Plains, (Wahlan county), a total of \$710. The Rev. Mr. Williamson reports that from the heifer he has sold \$225 worth of cream, \$235 worth of calves and still has \$250 worth of her stock on hand. The Jersey, which was a four-month-old calf when first bought, is now 11 years of age and yet productive.

Texas farm labor population increased 17 per cent between April 1 and May 1 of this year, totaling 827,000 people, the Federal Department of Agriculture has reported. The report AAA committee has listed increases of 15 per cent in number of hired farm workers and 22 per cent of family workers on farms and ranches.

Because of sugar rationing, fruits should be dried for preservation, as this process requires less sugar, Miss Leta Bennett, county home demonstration agent, told Highland, (Erath county), home demonstration club members recently.

With a setting of eggs almost ready to hatch, Veronica Abell, Leonardtown, Md., discovered the hen on them had died during the night. There was no other brooding hen in the flock so she filled a rubber water bottle with warm water that she judged was the temperature desired, and placed it over the eggs, changing the water as needed. A dozen healthy chicks were hatched this way, according to report.

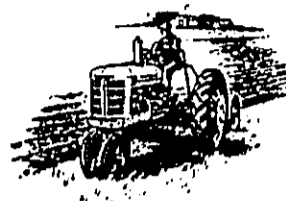
# Your Farm Equipment

## Take Care of It and Make It Do!

EVERY FARMER KNOWS the vital importance of farm machines in the winning of this war. The need for increased food production is urgent. So is the demand for machines to help plant, cultivate, and harvest your crops. But because of the pressing demands of war production, new farm machines are going to be harder to get.

This simply means that farmers must take the best care of the farm machines they have. They must make their present equipment last longer. They must take care of everything until we win the Victory.

material and manpower available to make urgently needed guns, ships, planes, tanks, and ammunition. The money you save by keeping your equipment on the job is money to lend to Uncle Sam . . . money to buy WAR SAVINGS BONDS. That investment will do a JOB FOR YOUR COUNTRY TODAY. Then, when the war is over and we return to the paths of peace, you will be in position to get the tractors and machines you'd like to buy now.



Now, more than ever, it is good business to conserve your equipment. More than that, it is your patriotic duty. Every machine you keep in working condition means that much more

### IN WARTIME, KEEP AN EYE ON EVERYTHING!

Know about lubrication and greasing; periodic inspections and adjustments; keeping bolts and rivets tight; replacement of worn parts. . . Protection against corrosion, warping, rotting, rodents, moisture, drying out. . . Care of sheet metal and wooden parts. . . Care of canvases and cutter bars. . . Care of belts, chains, clutches, springs, bearings. . . Care and proper inflation of rubber tires. . . Seasonal check-ups and storage; efficient housing of machines. . . Overnight protection. . . Use of owners' manuals and instruction books. . . Safety precautions. . . The book offered you in the coupon below will help you keep an eye on everything. Keep it handy all year. Write for your copy today!

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Please send me a copy of your free booklet "Your Farm Equipment—Take Care of It and Make It Do."

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# INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER

**PHONE MAN PLUGS IN ON SMOOTHER-SMOKING ROLL-YOUR-OWNS!**

A MILD, FRAGRANT, GRAND-TASTIN' PRINCE ALBERT SMOKE AND I'M RIGHT WITH THE WORLD! P.A.'S CRIMP CUT SETS RIGHT. ROLLS FAST, NEAT. NO SPILLIN'! RIGHT IN A PIPE, TOO!

*R. O. Albert*

**70** fine full-flavor cigarettes in every handy pocket size pack of Prince Albert.

In recent laboratory "smoking bowl" tests, Prince Albert burned **86 DEGREES COOLER** than the average of the 30 other of the largest-selling brands tested . . . coolest of all!

**PRINCE ALBERT**  
THE NATIONAL JOY SMOKE

142 Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

The native Eastern wild turkey, formerly abundant over most of East Texas and especially in the Big Thicket area, is now on the way to extinction if something is not done to restore it, reports officials of the State Game Department. The Department has announced completion of preliminary work on a project set up in what is known as the Devil's Pocket in Hardin county where the turkeys will be protected and can multiply unmolessted.

With a setting of eggs almost ready to hatch, Veronica Abell, Leonardtown, Md., discovered the hen on them had died during the night. There was no other brooding hen in the flock so she filled a rubber water bottle with warm water that she judged was the temperature desired, and placed it over the eggs, changing the water as needed. A dozen healthy chicks were hatched this way, according to report.

It is believed that Drew Ludlum, of Forest Hill community, (Tarrant county), holds a record this year for different varieties of eatables. He claims to be growing 55 varieties of fruits and vegetables on his farm, and says that all are cultivated by him with a push-plow, rake and hoe.

A variety of beardless barley is being grown on the farm of Charles E. Rosenberger, near Hale Center, (Hale county). The barley is known as the Howard early Missouri Beardless, and Rosenberger says it shows promise of a large yield despite the fact that his 22 acres were not planted until November 18.

Development of a new strain of cotton seed which will yield a third more oil has been announced by Dr. G. W. Goldsmith, University of Texas cotton research laboratory director. It raises the yield of cotton seed oil from approximately 300 pounds per ton to 400 pounds, says Dr. Goldsmith. The staple is just as good as that of other cotton seed, the director asserts.

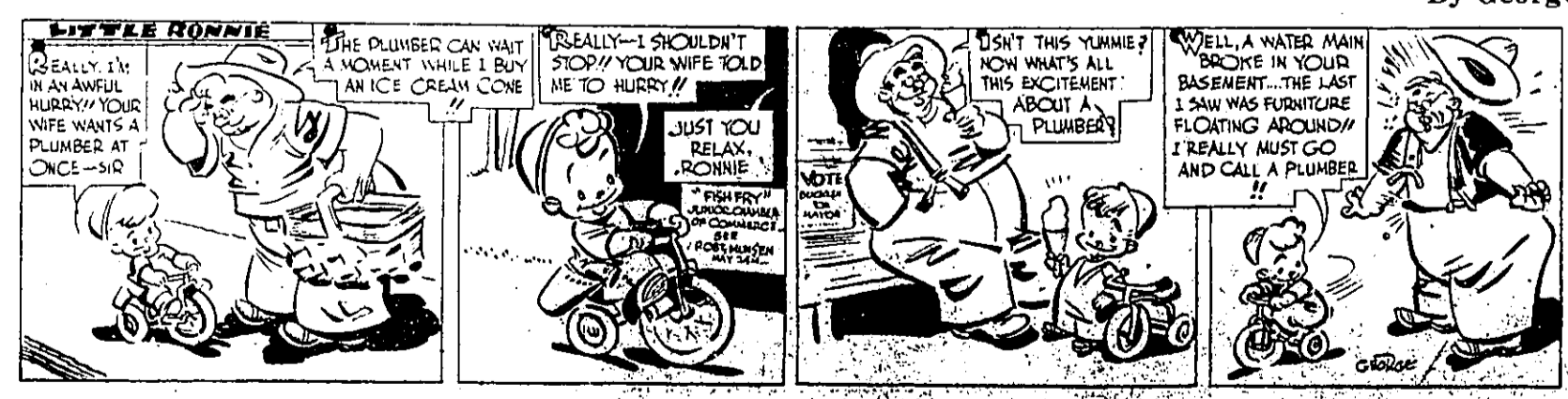
Agricultural statisticians show that soybeans yield on the average 145 pounds of soybean meal per acre, with an average yield of seed of 966 pounds per acre. These figures expressed in terms of a tonnage basis show that from a ton of soybean seed you can produce 300 pounds of crude oil and 1,600 pounds of soybean meal.

The highest price for a tomato crop in twenty years was paid recently in the Rio Grande Valley when part of the shipment brought seven cents per pound. The average price is from four to six cents a pound, according to shippers.

Farmers of Texas have already planted 96,000 acres more than the 1,056,000 acres Uncle Sam asked them to raise in peanuts in 1942, the Texas War Board of the United States Department of Agriculture reports. State totals indicate farmers in 198 counties have seeded 1,152,154 acres to peanuts.

A unique victory garden has been raised in Dallas by N. O. Miller, age 71, who had not had a garden in 35 years. In a 5x30 foot bin set against a 12-foot hedge, he has planted two rows of Kentucky Wonder beans which have climbed over the hedge. Cucumber vines grow over a lattice at the front of the bin, with a row of tomatoes three and a half feet high in the middle. He also has cultivated several other vegetables in his yard and green house, according to report.

### LITTLE RONNIE



### By George

New methods of eradicating cotton pests will be tried under field conditions this summer by University of Texas experts, using a new poison and microbracon, a microscopic wasp which feeds on embryo boll weevils and boll worms. The microbracon feed on the insects without themselves damaging the cotton, reports John Carpenter, university cotton research associate. The poison is a solution of gossypol, a cotton oil waste product.

She just can't seem to carry things. She's had a lot of trouble. She's had a lot of trouble. She's had a lot of trouble.

**CUTTER ABORTION VACCINE**

Made from the famous Cutter Laboratories' Abortion Vaccine.

**CUTTER LABORATORIES**  
SAN ANTONIO AND DALLAS



**WISE WOODPECKERS.**

Telephone men in Portland, Oregon, had to replace a pole in a mountain pass because woodpeckers had used it as a huge storehouse for acorns. The acorns were fitted into numerous deep channels that extended from eight feet above the ground to the top. Virgil James, the plant engineer, who sent us a picture of the pole, literally studded with acorns, explained the handiwork of the woodpeckers this way:

First, the birds dig the holes or channels in the pole. Then they select an acorn with a tiny hole in it. They choose an opening that will give the tightest fit, driving the acorn into it.

"The winter rains further aid the woodpecker by causing the acorns to swell, thereby making an even tighter fit," says James. "All this preliminary work takes place in the late fall. The harvest comes in the winter. The innocent-looking little acorns, that were selected with such care, now have become incubators for the eggs which were laid by the worm which made the pin-point hole, juicy grubs, and this is what the woodpeckers eat during the winter to give them strength enough to be on hand next fall and start pecking away in new storehouses."

**THREE THINGS**

Three things to govern temper, tongue and conduct.

Three things to cultivate: courage, affection and gentleness.

Three things to commend: thrift, industry and promptness.

Three things to despise: cruelty, arrogance and ingratitude.

Three things to wish for: health, friends and contentment.

Three things to work for: security, independence and happiness.

Three things to admire: dignity, gracefulness and honesty.

Three things to give aid to: the needy, comfort to the sad, and appreciation to the worthy.

Employees of a mid-Western concern are experimenting with the use of old-fashioned slates and slate pencils as a means of saving paper. The experiment may be dropped if and when notes or memoranda needed for the records are inadvertently wiped off the slates.

Colman, the mustard king, has passed on in England, leaving a fortune and one familiar quotation, "I gained my wealth not because of the mustard people ate but what they left on their plates."

Americans ate more than 2,250,000,000 pounds of candy last year—about seventeen pounds per person.

**ELECTRIC MOTORS**

WELL MACHINERY & SUPPLY COMPANY, FORT WORTH, TEXAS

**MACHINERY**

FORT WORTH SPUDDERS

Drilling Machines Tools Cable Engines.

WELL MACHINERY & SUPPLY COMPANY, FORT WORTH, TEXAS

**BABY CHICKS**

LARGEST PRODUCTION SEED FERTILIZERS and MALES and B.O.P. Standard

WELL MACHINERY & SUPPLY COMPANY, FORT WORTH, TEXAS

**Our Boys and Girls**

AUNT MARY, Editor, 1809 Ashland, Fort Worth, Texas.

**DEAR FRIENDS:**

This is a time when boys and girls of our nation can find plenty of things to do for their country. Things that will help to win the war. Here are some things emphasized in a playlet presented by sixth grade boys and girls pupils of the Fort Worth schools:

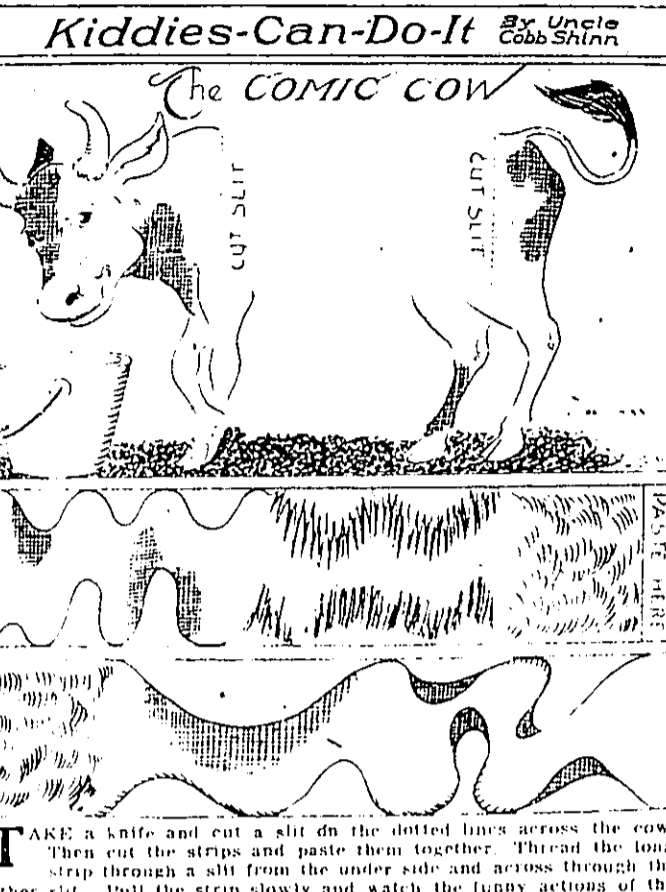
1. Keep well, by eating, sleeping and playing regularly.
2. Share the responsibilities of family work; save materials; save money.
3. Collect and properly dispose of all junk material that can be used in the war effort.
4. Remember never to repeat gossip of any kind.
5. Refrain from asking for money to buy foolish things when we should use the money to buy war stamps and bonds.
6. Be patient and thankful for what you have; remember the children of Europe have very little.
7. Older boys and girls can look after young children carefully while their parents carry on war work.
8. I believe the boys and girls of our Friendly Hobby Club will do their part in this war effort of the Allied Nations to free mankind.

When we what things you have done.

How would members of the Hobby Club like to have a personal visit from Aunt Mary some time this summer? Perhaps, if there are enough requests, I might get around to seeing some of the club members in their home towns.

Love to all

Aunt Mary  
1809 Ashland, Fort Worth, Texas.



Take a knife and cut a slit in the dotted lines across the cow. Then cut the strips and paste them together. Thread the loop strip through a slit from the under side and across through the cow's eye. Pull the strip slowly and watch the funny actions of the cow.

**FRIENDLY HOBBY CLUB**

Notice to Local Clubs

For many we start a new plan for Hobby Clubs in our neighborhood. If you do not have a Friendly Hobby Club organized, then start one today as outlined in a letter sent you with membership cards. Each month we will give you a new task. This month's task is to secure at least five new members for your club and send their names into headquarters.

**Club Rules**

Here are the rules for becoming a member of the Hobby Club. You will please note one change that you may find only ONE department.

1. There are no fees or dues now or at any time.
2. All that is required is for you to fill out the coupon below and mail it at once to Aunt Mary, 1809 Ashland, Fort Worth, Texas.
3. You will receive your membership card, list of instructions and secret code as soon as we get your coupon.
4. You may join only one department and NO MORE! The departments are as follows: (A) Friendly Correspondence, (B) Sunshine for Others, (C) Stamp Exchange, (D) View Cards, (E) Miscellaneous, (F) Games, (G) Puzzles, (H) Sewing, (I) Recipes, (J) Clippings, (K) Books, (L) Postcards and (M) Magazines.

**Membership Coupon**

The Friendly Hobby Club

I pledge I promise to be fair and square and to do my best in all that I undertake.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Age: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_

I want to join Department: A ( ) B ( ) C ( ) D ( ) E ( ) F ( ) G ( ) H ( ) I ( ) J ( ) K ( ) L ( ) M ( )

Please check in more than 1 of the above

**STORIES THAT LIVE**

When you place a rifle to your shoulder you center the sight on a small round black dot.

**Always READY TO SERVE!**

HERE ARE THE CRACKERS I DEPEND ON THESE BUSY DAYS!

THEY'RE SO CONVENIENT, THEY GO WITH MOST EVERYTHING!

For lunch and dinner, for the children after play, for picnics or pantry raids, enjoy the convenience of these crisp, oven-fresh, flavorful Sunshine Krispy Crackers. They are ready anytime to help solve every eating problem. Insist on Krispy Crackers... in the handy, wax-wrapped package!

Inner, waxed-paper liner  
Sturdy, cardboard carton  
Outside, waxed wrapper

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THEIR CONVENIENCE!

WITH LAMB AND VEAL  
WITH SALADE  
WITH CHEESE

**Sunshine KRISPY CRACKERS**

BROWN CRACKER & CANDY CO., Distributors of Sunshine Biscuits in Texas

**HAPPINESS**

No one ever found a sure formula for happiness, but these 10 rules are given in a recent issue of Dairygrams on "How to be Happy":

First—make up your mind to be happy. You can think yourself into being miserable. Learn to find pleasure in simple things. If you can't get to a movie, turn on the radio.

Second—make the best of your lot. Of course you haven't everything you want and things aren't just right—there isn't a human being who hasn't plenty to cry over, and the trick is to make the laughs outweigh the tears.

Third—Don't take yourself too seriously. Don't think everything that happens to you is of world-shaking importance and that somehow you should have been protected against the misfortunes that befall others.

Fourth—Don't take other people too seriously. Don't let your neighbors set your standards for you. Try pleasing yourself instead.

Fifth—Don't borrow troubles and they're harder to bear than your own.

Sixth—Don't cherish enemies and grudges. Don't keep up old quarrels. Hatred takes all the joy out of life and hurts us far worse than it does anyone else.

Seventh—Keep in circulation. Go around and meet people. Have as many interests as possible.

Eighth—Don't hold post-mortems. Don't spend your life brooding over mistakes you have made or the sorrows that have befallen you. What is done cannot be changed.

Ninth—Do something for somebody less fortunate than yourself. Happiness is a coin that we keep only when we give it away.

Tenth—Keep busy. That's the real remedy for unhappiness. You never saw a very busy person who was unhappy.

**GERMAN ANTI-TANK GUN SECRETS BARED**

Germany's efficient anti-tank weapons have been as impressive as their tanks in desert fighting.

They gave up their secrets sticking out from the middle when both guns and ammunition were captured in Libya.

The Germans tackled the problem of punching holes in armor on the well known principle that velocity helps penetration. They have several armor piercing weapons all dependent on that same basic principle. The most potent is the 88 millimeter (3.46 inch) dual purpose anti-tank and anti-aircraft gun. Its principal weakness is that it is big and heavy. It looks like a long naval gun and will punch holes through three inches of armor like so much cheese. The lighter 50 millimeter is the type most frequently used, however.

This gun, besides its high velocity, has an ingenious projectile that raises the problem of getting through the shell of armored fighting vehicles. An American artillery officer aptly described it as similar to the old trick of driving a needle through a penny by encasing the needle in a cork so that it will not bend or break when it is hurled around inside a tank and it is not pleasant to look at afterward.

—Sam Brewer in the Chicago Tribune.

**FOR EIGHT TIMES THE CHARGE THAT PROPELS OUR 37 MM.**

Instead of the long steel projectile one usually sees sticking out of a shell, there is only a long, thin, sharp point, like a church steeple, when both guns and ammunition were captured in Libya.

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—Sam Brewer in the Chicago Tribune.

**VALUABLE SCRAP**

Research by several steel companies has resulted in the development of four new types of alloy steel, all of which requires less than the amounts of virgin chromium and nickel ordinarily used. Most of the chromium and nickel that is used in this steel is obtained from scrap recovered from previously-made steel.

**THE ONE THING THAT MAKES NEARLY ALL EXPLOSIVES WORK IS NITROGEN.**

There is a great deal of nitrogen in the world but it stays by itself and seldom combines with other things. You will remember from your studies of food that some plants, the legumes, have the power to combine nitrogen with other substances but he does so with difficulty and at much expense. Even when nitrogen is combined with other substances it tries to escape.

Keep in mind that nitrogen is a gas and that it combines with other gases to make solids. For example mercury fulminate, the most violent explosive in common use, is a solid that is composed of mercury, a solid, carbon, a solid, oxygen, a gas, and nitrogen, a gas. All of these substances would get along together very well were it not for nitrogen. It is the nitrogen that blows off the lid.

The Chinese first invented gunpowder hundreds of years ago. Since then modern chemists have discovered greater explosives, including dynamite, nitroglycerin and TNT.

**KNOW YOUR BIBLE**

What does the "firmament" in Genesis 1:6-7-8-9, mean? It is called "heaven" in verse 8, and was regarded by the Hebrews as a solid dome or vault, supporting the "waters." During the flood, however, the "windows of heaven were opened," the waters above the firmament escaping and flooding the earth.

The word "Alleluia" appears in Revelation 19:1 vs. Do you know its origin? It is the Greek transliteration of their word "hallelujah," and the Hebrew word, "hallelujah," or 38 verses, verse 15 in the first including verses 15 and 16 in the latter. (Isaiah)

Two chapters in the Bible are exactly alike. Can you name them, and see any difference? Compare Second Kings, chapter 19, and Isaiah, chapter 37. In one you will find 37 verses, and in the other 38 verses, verse 15 in the first including verses 15 and 16 in the latter. (Isaiah)

FROM THE PENS OF GREAT MEN AND WOMEN: "In the pioneer days of the West, we found it an un-failing rule that after a community had existed for a certain length of time, either a church was built, or else the community began to go down hill."—Theodore Roosevelt.

**FOR PERMANENT RECORD OF THIS SERIES, "KNOW YOUR BIBLE," CLIP, AND PASTE IN SCRAPBOOK.**

(A monthly feature. If you like it, tell the publisher of your paper).

**KNOW YOUR BIBLE**

QUIZ QUESTIONS FOR TEACHER AND CLASS

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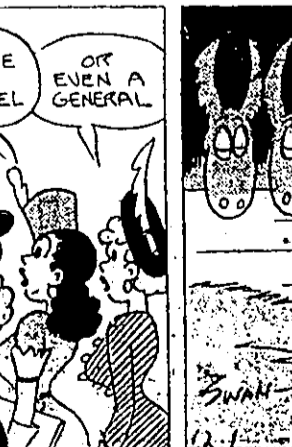
**ELZA POPPIN**



**BET HEY'S A LIEUTENANT BY NOW**



**HEY, YARROKIRO—SOME FRIENDS TO SEE YOU**



**By Olsen and Johnson**



**FROM THE PENS OF GREAT MEN AND WOMEN:**

"In the pioneer days of the West, we found it an un-failing rule that after a community had existed for a certain length of time, either a church was built, or else the community began to go down hill."—Theodore Roosevelt.

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**JOHN M. SPELLMAN**

U.S. PATENT LAWYER

ESTABLISHED 30 YEARS

GULF STATES BLDG.

DALLAS, TEXAS.

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**Quality foods are...worth their salt!**  
Bring out their best flavor  
with **MORTON'S SALT**  
2 kinds—PLAIN or IODIZED  
**WHEN IT RAINS  
IT POURS**



**LOOKING INTO THE  
HEART OF A TORNADO**

Most people caught near a tornado are so excited that accurate observations are rare. The calmest we know of is the excitement account of Will Keller, a Kansas farmer:

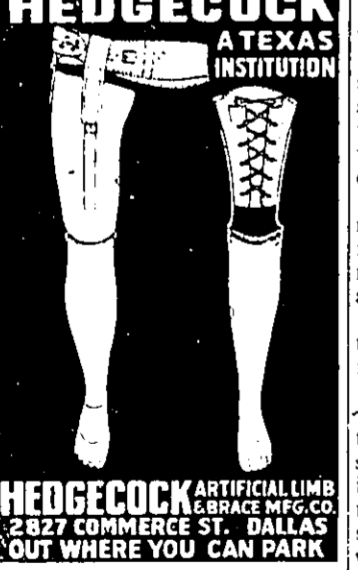
"On the afternoon of June 22, 1928, the air had that peculiar oppressiveness that nearly always precedes a tornado. Between 3 and 4 p. m. my family and I were out in a field when I saw in the west an umbrella-shaped cloud. Dangling from its greenish-black base like great ropes were three tornadoes, the central and largest one periscope-like and apparently headed for our place.

"We hurried to the cyclone cellar and as I was about to close the door I turned for a last look. While I watched, the lower end of the funnel-shaped cloud, which had been sweeping the ground, began to rise and I knew we were comparatively safe until it dipped again. In a few seconds the great shaggy end of the funnel was directly overhead. There was a strong gust of wind and I could scarcely breathe.

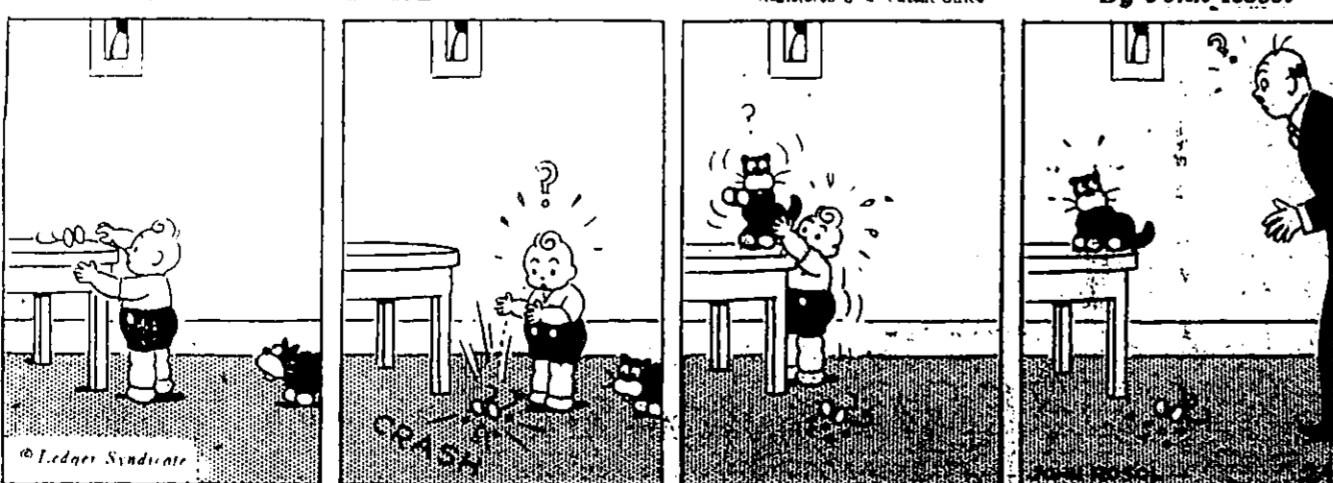
"Looking up I saw right in the heart of the tornado, the circular opening in the center of the funnel, entirely clear except for what looked like a detached cloud moving up and down, was 50 to 60 feet in diameter and extended upward for at least a mile. Its walls were of swirling clouds. The whole was made brilliantly visible by constant flashes of lightning which zigzagged from side to side. Around the lower edge of the great vortex all tornadoes were constantly forming and breaking apart. They looked like tails as they whirled about, and made hissing and screaming sounds.

"I had plenty of time for a good view, as the tornado cloud was not traveling at great speed. It dipped again after it passed my place and demolished the neighboring house and barn, whirling the wreckage round and round in the air. Then it zigzagged away across the country."

**HEDGECOCK**  
A TEXAS INSTITUTION  
ARTIFICIAL LIMB  
E. BRACE MFG. CO.  
2827 COMMERCE ST. DALLAS  
OUT WHERE YOU CAN PARK



**THE CAT AND THE KID**



**HOUSEHOLD HELPS**

MRS. MARGARET STUTE, Editor, 1809 Ashland, Fort Worth, Texas.

**BUSY WOMAN'S WORK BASKET**

**A Smart "Duration" Sweater**  
By Mrs. Anne Cabot  
This type of sweater in fact becoming a "staple" item in our wardrobes—it goes with summer sports clothes, separate skirts and blouses, slacks or shorts—it isn't hard to make nor is it expensive. It has what it takes, these days!

Crocheted of just 5 balls of cotton crocheted thread, it's washable, fits well and best of all, it's pretty! I've had the sweater made in pale pink cotton and trimmed it with gold military buttons. You may want it in navy blue, white, red or any one of the pastel shades. It all depends on your wardrobe colors and your own color preferences—make it in any color you choose!

For complete crocheting directions for the Cotton Crochet Jumper Sweater (Pattern No. 5356) send 10 cents in COIN, YOUR NAME and ADDRESS and the PATTERN NUMBER to Anne Cabot, Southwest Magazine, 106 Seventh Avenue, New York, N. Y. Enclose 1c postage for each pattern ordered. My new Album, about which so many of you have inquired, is now ready. It is an at-



tractive 32-page album of the lovely designs you have asked for and admired—needlework designs of all types—for all the family—for the Home and for gifts! The name of it is the "Anne Cabot Album." Send 15 cents to-day for your copy!

**FASHION IN THE NEWS**

The much discussed priority has come at last to tell us how we are to dress for the duration. There will, of course, be much less of frills and unnecessary adornment. Every patriot will be willing to do without these things if they can help hasten the day when son, husband or sweetheart will come marching home from the war.

Many will still wear smart frocks; however, they will be more simple and not nearly as numerous, due mostly to lack of labor. The placing and style of pockets will be regulated as well as the number. Be sure and take care of those zippers which you now enjoy. DON'T THROW ANY OF THEM AWAY. They will have to last you for the duration. When a dress or skirt becomes too worn to be of further use, take off the zipper and use it again on another garment.

A very clever suit is the indispensable two-piece rayon shantung in cool beige. The belted fitted jacket has short sleeves and large patch pockets.

Was may come and war may go, but brides go on forever. Gifts for the connubial lady are abundant and should by all means be practical. With many of the bridegrooms going to war, we must be careful to select something that will make for joy at picnic or at beach. Although some of us may take our

vacation in our backyard. Then, of course, the play suit as well as the slacks will come in for plenty of wear.

This is the time of year women and girls must be most careful of their skins. Summer can be a time of storing up many of the valuable vitamins so necessary to good health and looks, yet unless we properly care for our skins we are apt to find in the fall we have lost a great deal of ground in good looks. The woman with dry, coarse skin can never look charming no matter how attractively she is gowned; or how perfectly becoming her manners. The first impression of a woman is often gained from the appearance of her skin. Every woman owes it not only to herself but to all those around her to preserve every bit of the beauty she may possess.

There are four steps in youthful skin care. They are: Cleanse, stimulate, preserve and beautify. Each step is in itself a most important function. Careful following of a routine is of utmost importance. Search for a cosmetic which will help to defeat the enemy and at the same time the products will help keep up our morale. Don't waste them or hoard them and there should be plenty to go around. Furthermore, don't rush out and buy more than you need for a moderate supply.

**WARTIME FRUIT CANNING**

"Stretch your ration of canning sugar to the limit," Dr. Louise Stanley, chief of the U. S. Department of Agriculture's Bureau of Home Economics, urges the nation's homemakers.

"The special sugar allowed for canning fruit has been issued you in trust—so that you may keep good food from going to waste. Every jar of fruit you can help lighten the load on commercial canneries and help relieve overworked transportation facilities.

"But remember, sugar supplies still are limited. Sugar still is being brought to the United States against the great risk to the lives of many of our countrymen. So use your canning allowance carefully.

"Keep in mind that sugar is not needed in canning to keep food from spoiling. But it does help fruit hold its color and flavor."

In the following paragraphs, Dr. Stanley gives some sugar-saving suggestions for the 1942 fruit canning season.

Cook the fruit first in an open kettle, then pack it hot into jars in its own juice. That way you'll need much less sugar than if you pack the fruit cold, then cover it with a sugar-and-water syrup. By sweetening the fruit slightly, then heating it, you can draw out juice from the fruit yourself, in many cases making it unnecessary to can any added water. Incidentally, packing fruit hot into containers accomplishes two other purposes. The preheating shrinks the fruit and makes it possible to make more economical use of limited jar space and rubbers. And it also cuts down on the time you have to process fruits in the water bath to kill the bacteria that may cause spoilage. A quart of precooked berries, for instance, need be processed only 5 minutes. Berries packed raw and covered with hot syrup need 20 minutes processing in a water bath.

**WHAT DO WE EAT?**

A great doctor said: "We are the sum and substance of the food we eat." Science has proven that certain foods go to build brain, others build muscles, others bone and blood. It is most necessary then that we make close study of this subject that so vitally affects

our well-being. Sugar, as we know, goes to build energy and other vital parts of our well-being. A very wise and courageous person has offered the advice, "Let us always create opportunities out of our handicaps." So we are herewith submitting you some recipes that, we hope, will give zest to the least energetic to the body, without dissipating the family sugar bowl.

**Date Muffins**  
2 cups flour  
2 teaspoons baking powder  
1/2 cup salt  
2/3 cup finely cut dates  
1 egg, well beaten  
2 tablespoons light corn syrup  
1/2 cup plus 2 tablespoons milk  
4 tablespoons melted shortening  
Sift flour, measure, add baking powder and salt and sift again. Add dates. Combine egg, corn syrup, milk and shortening; add to flour, beating only enough to dampen all flour. Bake in greased muffin pans in hot oven (425° F.) 25 minutes, or until done. Makes 12 muffins.

**Hamburger Rolls De Luxe**  
1 1/2 pounds ground beef  
2 tablespoons chopped green pepper  
(Continued top next column)

**Here's How to Make Perfect Coffee**

2 tablespoons onion  
2 tablespoons celery  
2 tablespoons chopped parsley  
1 cup bread crumbs  
1/2 cup milk  
1 teaspoon salt  
1/4 teaspoon pepper  
12 slices bacon  
12 mushroom caps or tomato slices.

Combine all ingredients except bacon. Shape into 12 cylinders and strap each with 1 strip of bacon. Insert a screwer through center of each cylinder and bake on pan. Remove from oven and cap points of screwers with mushroom or quarters of tomato and put under broiler 5 to 10 minutes. Serve around outer edge of hot platter with center filled with buttered carrots or beets. Garnish with parsley.

**Health Green Beans**  
Here is a delicious and different way to fix the next dish of green beans you serve the family. Wash beans thoroughly and remove both ends carefully also any spoiled places. Then, instead of snapping in the usual way, take a sharp knife and slit each bean lengthwise once. Put a small amount of water in a pan and bring to a boil; add the beans. Cook beans until tender, usually about 15 minutes. Season with salt to taste, add 3 tablespoons cream or rich milk also a tablespoon of butter. Simmer slowly for a few minutes longer and serve hot. These are delicious and much more healthful than when cooked with meat. Try it.

**LOSE WEIGHT BY USING WILL POWER**

The most effective exercise for losing weight is exercising the will power. Phoebe M. Walters declares in the March issue of Hygeia, "Hunger," she explains, "is a robust energetic human being is still a primitive urge, an urge which cannot be civilized, which, on the contrary, has been coddled by civilization to a point undreamed of by primitive man. And will power, on the other hand, has been reduced to a minimum.

"We are used to making our own terms in any bargain. When suddenly we try to bargain with the laws of nature and find that the terms must be hers and not ours, we are dismayed. We try to defy her but nature says if we eat too much we shall be too fat.

"The stomach is like a rubber bag or balloon. Overload it with food and it stretches. Having been stretched, it will call for the same overload again and again in order to be filled to capacity. It is quite probable that if we never overload our stomachs, never eat that extra helping, that additional piece of chocolate cake, we would never find ourselves in such a dilemma.

"Only firmness, patience and perseverance will help to shrink the stomach back to its normal size," Mrs. Walters warns. "One small comfort there is in all this," she observes, "the less we eat the less we want. The normal sized stomach is easily satisfied, but the stretched stomach, except after a hearty meal, is never satisfied.

**DISCARDED OIL KEEPS TERMITES AWAY**

Termites can be kept out of a building by discarded lubricating oil poured at every place where the building touches the ground, according to a report to Science by Prof. J. C. Cross of the Texas College of Arts and Industries, Kingsville, Texas.

Mr. Cross made his experiment on a house having 56 concrete piers in the foundation. Around each of these about a quart of discarded oil was poured into little ditches. A proportionate amount was poured around the base of the chimney. One place around concrete steps was overlooked. This was the only place from which termites entered.

The author states that "although the soil around the house is badly infested with termites, the building has been free from them with the one exception mentioned, since it was built early in 1938.

"The oil stays in the ground for a long time and does not

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diffuse more than a few inches from the little ditches. Apparently it does not affect the growth of shrubs 2 inches away. No doubt crushed oil would give as good results as oil drained from them for a long time and does not

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